Dr. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

For Twenty-Five Years has maintained it s world-wide reputation as the Only Safe, Reliable Phosphoric Remedy for the Permanent Cure of Brain Wreckage, Sleeplessness, Harassing Dreams, all Functional and Disease t Conditions of the System dependent upon Deficiency of the Vital Forces.

It Cures Dyspepsia, Lung and Heart Disease.
Cures Kidney and Liver Complaints.
Checks all wasting of the Vital Forces
From whatever cause arising.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its Kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is Really Marvellous. Thousands of Testimonials

Manufactured only at
Dr. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE
Laboratory, Hampstead, London.
Sole Agent for China, DAKIN BROS., Ld., Hongkong.

Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.

No. 10,403 號三零百四萬一第 日三十二月四年七十緒光 HONGKONG SATURDAY, MAY 30TH, 1891. 六 禮拜 號十三月五英港香 [PRICE $2½ PER MONTH

CHRISTY'S KOLA CHOCOLATE AND KOLATINA.

More stimulating and revivifying than Tea or Coffee, causes no digestive troubles, especially suitable when requiring a powerful pick-me-up. Travellers, invalids, brain workers will find them more suitable for hot countries than tea, etc

Sold in Hongkong by
A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, &c. should be addressed "Daily Press" only, and special business matters "The Manager."

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

Orders for extra copies of the *Daily Press* should be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited.

Telegraphic Address *Press*. Telephone No. 12.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

A FURNISHED ROOM and BOARD; neighbourhood Robinson Road preferred.

Apply R.,
Office of this Paper.
Hongkong, 30th May, 1891. [1326

NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FIRST GENERAL (STATUTORY) MEETING will be held at Winchester House, Old Broad Street, in the City of London, England, on THURSDAY, the 30th day of July next, at Noon.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WM. H. FORBES,
Chairman.
[327]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

MR. J. M. ARMSTRONG has received instructions from the Mortgagees to Sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, the 9th June, 1891, at 3 o'clock in the Afternoon, on the PREMISES.

The following VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY situate and being No. 150, Wellington Street (over the passage leading to Tong Shing Lane) and Nos. 1 and 3, Tong Shing Lane, Wellington Street, Victoria, Hongkong.

All those PIECES or PARCELS of GROUND now Registered in the Land Office as Section K, and the Remaining Portion of Inland Lot No. H, as the same Premises are held for the residue of a term of 75 years, and for a further term of 924 years subject to the payment of the due proportion of the yearly Crown Rent and to the performance of the covenants reserved in the Crown Lease and extension thereof, and subject to such rights of way as exist over such portions of the said premises as are known as Tong Shing Lane and the passage leading into Wellington Street.

For particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

WOTTON & DEACON,
Solicitors for the Mortgagees,
35, Queen's Road, Hongkong,
or to
Mr. J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 30th May, 1891. [1329

"IT IS NOT TRUE" that any Disinfectant excels, or is cheaper (in using) than

CALVERT'S No. 5 CARBOLIC.

The most reliable preparation YET discovered as a Preventive of Cholera or Fevers, and for the destruction of Insect or Germ life.

Sold in 1/- and 1/6 ribbed bottles, ½ and 1 Gallon Tins, at 4/- and 6/6 each (English rates).

"NEVER BE WITHOUT"

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC OINTMENT,

Large Pots, 13½d. each.

Will keep good in any Climate.

Cheap and effective Remedy for Prickly-Heat, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Insect Bites or Stings, and Skin Ailments.

"PREVENT" INSECT BITES BY USING

CALVERT'S ANTI-MOSQUITO SOAP,

Which has been found generally effective when tested in India, West Africa, West Indies, &c. It is also

A SPLENDID BATH SOAP
to prevent Skin irritation.

3-Tablet Boxes at 1/6 Each.

F. C. CALVERT & CO., MANCHESTER,
AWARDED
57 Gold & Silver Medals & Diplomas
for the
Superior Excellence of their Preparations.
[1264—2

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY, AND TAMSUI.

THE Company's Steamship

"HAILOONG,"

Captain Roach, will be despatched for the above Ports TO-MORROW, the 31st inst., at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 29th May, 1891. [1325

FOR MANILA VIA AMOY.

THE Spanish Steamer

"DON JUAN,"

Captain R. Beltran, will be despatched as above on MONDAY the 1st June, at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
BRANDAO & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 30th May, 1891. [1328

THE CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, That an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED, will be held at the Company's Office, situate in Pedder's Street, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, on FRIDAY, the 5th day of June, 1891, at Twelve o'clock (Noon), for the purpose of Confirming the Special Resolution passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 21st day of May, 1891.

Dated this 21st day of May, 1891.
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Agents,
Canton Insurance Office, Limited.
Hongkong, 22nd May, 1891. [1273

HONGKONG CRICKET CLUB.

THE ACCOMMODATION in the PAVILION having been found insufficient, an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING will be held on FRIDAY, the 5th June, at 5.30 P.M., in the Pavilion, to consider the advisability or otherwise of extending the Building.

ARTHUR K. TRAVERS,
Hon. Secretary.
Hongkong, 28th May, 1891. [1308

INTIMATIONS.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE.—The MATCH which was to have taken place on Thursday, the 28th instant, has been POSTPONED.

The LONG RANGE HANDICAP CUP and RANGE SPOONS will be competed for on SATURDAY, the 30th inst., commencing at 3.15 p.m. Ranges—800 and 900 yards. Usual conditions.

A Launch will leave the P. & O. Pier at 2.45 p.m. to convey competitors.

FRANK COLLINS,
Hon. Secretary.
Hongkong, 27th May, 1891. [82

ZETLAND LODGE, No. 525.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in the Freemasons' Hall, Zetland Street, on MONDAY next, the 1st June, at 8.30 for 9 P.M. precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.

Hongkong, 28th May, 1891. [1311

NOTICE.

UNPAID CALLS.

LABUK PLANTING COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS or HOLDERS of SCRIP who have not yet paid the FINAL CALL due 15th January last are requested to pay the same to the Undersigned, together with Interest at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum from above date to date of payment, on or before 3rd June next.

Shares on which a Call or Calls are unpaid on 3rd June next will be dealt with in accordance with the Articles of Association.

TURNER & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 28th May, 1891. [1309

THE PEAK HOTEL AND TRADING COMPANY, LIMITED.

APPLICATIONS for 400 PREFERENCE SHARES, $10 each, will be received up to the 2nd June, 1891, by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

The Applications must be accompanied by Payment of $10 per Share. Forms of Application can be obtained at the Bank.

The Terms of the Preference Shares are as follows:—The Holders shall be entitled to Cumulative Preferential Dividend of 9 per cent per annum.

In the event of the Company being wound up, the surplus Assets of the Company to be applied to repaying to the Preference Shareholders the amount subscribed for such Preference Shares.

Preference Shareholders will find themselves in this position, that the Capital of the Company, so far as they are concerned, on which Dividend has to be earned is only $106,000, *i.e.* $65,000 Debentures on which 6½ per cent Interest has to be paid and $41,000 Preference Shares, and they will have priority (after payment of the debentures) to the ordinary Shareholders of the Company in the distribution of the Assets should the Company be wound up. Of the above $41,000 (or 4,100 Preference Shares) 400 Shares are now offered to the Public and to Shareholders.

JAMES ANDERSON,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 29th May, 1891. [1322

NOTICE.

IMURIS MINES, LIMITED.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Company will be CLOSED, from the 23rd to the 30th instant.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 13th May, 1891. [1188

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE SECOND CALL of TWO POUNDS (£2) Sterling per Share is payable at the Temporary Office of the Bank, No. 7 Praya, on or before 20th June, 1891.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WM. H. FORBES,
Chairman.
Hongkong, 23rd May, 1891. [1275

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE CERTIFICATE No. 1141 for One Share numbered 6826 standing in the Register in the name of HAGART & Co. having been declared LOST, notice is hereby given that unless the said Certificate be produced on or before the 20th June next, a NEW CERTIFICATE for the said Share will be issued and the Old Certificate will thereafter be held by the Society as null and void.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
N. J. EDE,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 12th May, 1891. [1183

MUNICH BEER.

ZUM L WENBRAU.

EDUARD SCHELLHASS & CO.,
Sole Agents.
Hongkong, 17th February, 1891. [1061

KIRIN BEER.

"I find the Beer to be a healthy, pure, and refreshing beverage, which can be most heartily recommended. The chemical analysis being most satisfactory, one is fully entitled to wish it the widest circulation."

E. BAELZ, M.D., Prof. Imp. University,
Member Central Board of Health.

"I have much pleasure in testifying to the quality and purity of the Beer. I can well recommend it as a Beer admirably suited for this climate."

ED. WHEELER, M.D., Surg. Ken Hospital,
Member Central Board of Health.

"Having made a thorough trial and examination of the Beer it affords me much pleasure to state that I find it exceedingly palatable, wholesome, and perfectly free from adulteration."

STUART ELDRIDGE, M.D., Surg. Ken Hospital, Member Central Board of Health.

"I have no hesitation in reporting it to be an excellent Beer, and eminently well suited for the climate. I prefer it to any imported Beer."

HENRY T. COX, Staff Surg. R.N.,
Naval Hospital, Yokohama.

Similar high testimonials have been received from Dr. Gravatt, U.S. Naval Hospital, Yokohama; Dr. Hall, Dr. Kleffel, German Naval Hospital, Yokohama; Dr. Tripler, and other well-known Foreign and Japanese members of the Medical Profession.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 17th January, 1891. [2—159

INTIMATIONS

THE NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Established 1845.

Total Assets on 1st January, 1891	$115,947,809
Amount Assured	$569,338,726
Surplus by New York State Standard	$ 14,898,450

BIRLEY, DALRYMPLE & Co.,
Agents, Hongkong.
Hongkong, 24th April, 1891. [a295

THE THREE BEST BRANDS OF SCOTCH WHISKY

are Shipped to Hongkong by CUTLER, PALMER & CO., viz.:—

A. The "PALL MALL," 11 Years Old, a liqueur Whisky.

B. NAPIER JOHNSTONE'S Square Bottle, Certificated, splendid quality.

C. CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s Own, free from Fusel Oil, A 1 quality.

a. Apply to Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., or Messrs. Siemssen & Co.

b. Apply to Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co.

c. Apply to Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., or Messrs. Siemssen & Co.

Hongkong, 10th April, 1891. [912

(Established 1875).

MOUTRIE, ROBINSON & CO.
(from J. Broadwood & Sons and Collard & Collard)

PIANO TUNING

Once in 2 months	$25 per annum.
Once a month and including all repairs of a minor nature and keeping of the Piano in good order and condition	$48 „ „
Single Tuning	$ 5

Free estimates for large or small REPAIRS.

We have had 16 Years' extensive experience in China. All our Tuners have had a thorough practical training in the best factories in England, and every reliance may be placed in the style and finish of our work.

MOUTRIE, ROBINSON & Co.,
Under Hongkong Hotel,
and at London, Shanghai, Kobe, and Yokohama.
a1277]

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

A LIMITED NUMBER of COPIES in Four Volumes of the ORDINANCES of the COLONY complete to the end of 1887 can be obtained for Twenty-Five Dollars the set on written application to the Reference Clerk, Colonial Secretary's Office.

By Command,
W. M. DEANE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Hongkong, 23rd May, 1891. [1285

NOTICE TO MARINERS, No. 246.

CHINA SEA.

NEWCHWANG DISTRICT.

PORT ARTHUR LIGHTHOUSE.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a LIGHT has been established at Port Arthur.

The illuminating apparatus is Fixed Dioptric of the Sixth Order, showing a *white* light between the bearings S. 50 degs. W. round by west and north to N. 27½ degs. E.

The bearings are magnetic and from seaward.

The Light is elevated 90 feet above the level of the sea, and in clear weather it should be visible at a distance of 8 nautical miles.

The tower is round, of iron, with a total height from the base to the top of the lantern of 22 feet, and it is situated on the bluff at the western side of the entrance to Port Arthur.

The tower is painted in black and white horizontal bands; the dwelling is white.

Approximate position:—
Latitude ...... 38 degs. 47ft. 26in. N.
Longitude ......121 degs. 15ft. 26in. E.

NOTE.

The Port Arthur Lighthouse is in the Newchwang Customs district, but it is under the control of the Chefoo Customs.

By Order of the Inspector General of Customs,
A. M. BISBEE,
Coast Inspector.
Imperial Maritime Customs,
Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 21st May, 1891. [1305

NOTICE TO MARINERS, No. 247.

CHINA SEA.

CHEFOO DISTRICT.

OBSERVATORY ISLAND LIGHT.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a LIGHT has been established on Observatory Island, to mark the West Entrance to Wei Hai Wei Harbour.

The illuminating apparatus is Fixed Dioptric of the Sixth Order, showing a *red* light between the north-western shoulder of Leu-Kung-Tau Island and S. 46½ degs. W., a *white* light between S. 46½ degs. W. and S. 28½ degs. W., a *red* light between S. 28½ degs. W. round by east and north to N. 23½ degs. W.

The bearings are magnetic and from seaward.

The Light is exhibited at an elevation of 61 feet above the level of the sea, upon an iron framework, painted white, which stands near the western shoulder of Observatory Island, and in clear weather the white light should be visible at a distance of 6 and the red light at 4 nautical miles.

Approximate position:—
Latitude........ 37 degs. 30ft. 25in. N.
Longitude ......122 degs. 10ft. 25in. E.

DIRECTIONS.

Vessels entering should keep in the *white* sector with the light bearing about S. 37 degs. W., magnetic, till Round Island bears N. 45 degs. W., then haul gradually to the westward into the *red* sector and round the north-western end of Observatory Island at a distance of not less than two cables.

By Order of the Inspector General of Customs,
A. M. BISBEE,
Coast Inspector.
Imperial Maritime Customs,
Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 21st May, 1891. [1306

NOTICE TO MARINERS, No. 248.

CHINA SEA.

CHEFOO DISTRICT.

CHAO-PEI-TSUI LIGHTHOUSE.

NOTICE is hereby given, That a LIGHT has been established at Chao-pei-tsui, to mark the East Entrance to Wei Hai Wei Harbour.

The illuminating apparatus is Revolving Dioptric of the Fourth Order, showing *white* flashes at intervals of half a minute.

The Light is elevated 94 feet above the level of the sea, and in clear weather it should be visible at a distance of 15 nautical miles, except where obscured by the land.

The tower is round, of iron, 21 feet high, with a total height from its base to the lantern vane of 35½ feet.

The tower and dwellings are white.

Approximate position:—
Latitude........ 37 degs. 27ft. 41in. N.
Longitude ......122 degs. 15ft. 5in. E.

By Order of the Inspector General of Customs,
A. M. BISBEE,
Coast Inspector.
Imperial Maritime Customs,
Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 21st May, 1891. [1307

INTIMATIONS.

DAKIN BROTHERS OF CHINA, LIMITED.

CHEMISTS AND AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS.

DAKIN'S FRUIT SYRUPS

Prepared from picked ripe Fruit, absolutely pure and harmless. With plain or Aerated Water make delicious hot weather drinks.

JARGONELLE PEAR.
LEMON.
MOREALLA CHERRY.
PINEAPPLE.
RASPBERRY.
STRAWBERRY.
&c., &c., &c.

Per quart bottle cts. 75.

Nos. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
[a24

W. A. DUFF, A.M.I.C.E.,
Civil and Mining Engineer.

ASSAYS made of GOLD, SILVER, and OTHER ORES.

Plans and Reports of Mining Properties prepared.

Address—58, Queen's Road, Victoria, Hongkong.
Hongkong, 22nd May, 1891. [1272

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
Shippers to China for over half a Century.
Established in Europe in 1815.

This ancient House consign to us
The well-known 4 Stars COGNAC, superb quality.
Price $14.25 per 1 dozen quarts.
The 3 Stars COGNAC, about 3 years younger,
Price $13.25 per 1 dozen quarts.
The 2 Stars COGNAC, equal to Hennessy's,
Price $10.75 per 1 dozen quarts.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co's "PALL MALL" WHISKY,
very old and high class. Each bottle contains an analyst's certificate. The Whisky is simply grand.
Price $12.75 per 1 dozen quarts.

CUTLER, PALMER'S HEART BOTTLE SCOTCH WHISKY,
moderate in price, excellent in quality, a great favourite,
Price $9.25 per 1 dozen quarts.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co's INVALIDS' PORT,
Analysed and Certificated by Professor Cassall.
Price $12.75 per 1 dozen quarts.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s SHERRIES,
Amoroso,
Price $12.75 per 1 dozen quarts.
La Torre,
Price $10.50 per 1 dozen quarts.
Pure, and natural wine, a tonic.
White Seal Sherry—Popular at the Club, dry, clear, and of good flavour.
Price $12.75 per 1 dozen quarts.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s CLARETS in Qts. and Pts.
Mouton,
Price $17.50 per 1 dozen quarts.
Larose,
Price $10.25 per 1 dozen quarts.
Margaux-Medoc,
Price $5.75 per 1 dozen quarts.

LIQUEUR,
Benedictine, D.O.M.,
Price $24 per 1 dozen quarts.

SIEMSSEN & Co.,
Hongkong.
37]

BINET FILS DRY ELITE, "R84" CHAMPAGNE—MAGNIFICENT WINE.

Send for Price List.

Apply to G. C. Anderson,
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
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CUTLER, PALMER & Co.
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

Established London and Bordeaux, in 1815
Shippers over half a century to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Hongkong and Shanghai.
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NAPIER JOHNSTONE'S SQUARE BOTTLE WHISKY

The sale of this good Scotch increases month by month; it is of Superb quality and of Cutler, Palmer & Co.'s Selection

Sole Agents for it—
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.,
Hongkong.
35]

JUST ARRIVED, FOR SALE.

THE New Stem Winder and Enameled Dial

WATERBURY WATCH.

Series J.—For Gentlemen, or large size.
Series L.—For Ladies, or small size.

$4.75 each. Winds in less than a dozen turns; Jewelled, Dust-proof, Keyless, with all the latest improvements. A perfect and unrivalled timekeeper; reliable, durable and accurate,

and also

Series E.—The "Good old favourite." The best form of the original Waterbury: offered at the reduced price of $2.70 each.

Orders from Out-ports to be accompanied with remittance for cost.

THE MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHIA
Sole Agents in Japan, China, Corea, Hongkong & Macao.
No. 10, Queen's Road Central.
Hongkong, 21st February, 1891. [a1875

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & Co.
Established 1864

WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS, ALE and STOUT MERCHANTS,
Hongkong, 13, Queen's Road.
Shanghai, 7, Foochow Road.
London, 101, Leadenhall Street.
[a27

PORTLAND CEMENT

J. B. WHITE & BROS.
Sole Agents for China.
HOLLIDAY WISE & Co.
Hongkong, 11th April, 1888. [699

INTIMATIONS.

EXAMPLES OF THE COST OF ASSURANCE TO A MAN AGED 30 NEXT BIRTHDAY.

£1,000 STG. payable at death, would cost per quarter at the rate

£ 6 18 0	(*a*) If premiums are payable for whole of life ;
or £ 9 11 6	(*b*) If premiums are limited to 20 years ;*
or £11 4 6	(*c*) If premiums are limited to 15 years ;*
or £13 0 0	(*d*) If the Sum Assured is made payable at age 50, or at death if previous.*

* Secured payments.

THE same provisions if commenced at age 40 n. b. would cost respectively (*a*) £8.15.0, (*b*) £11.5.0, (*c*) £13.2.4, (*d*) £27.0.8 per quarter

DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents,
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE,
Hongkong.
1101—4a]

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO

Have now unpacked their new Stock of

CALCUTTA PITH

SUN HATS.

STRAW HATS

NEW "TERAI" HATS.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Hongkong, 8th May, 1891. [a22

KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED.

Men and Women of the Time, revised and enlarged Edition.
Cassell's English Dictionary, the Best Medium Priced Work of the kind published.
The Light of the World, by Sir Edwin Arnold.
The Light of Asia, by Sir Edwin Arnold.
An Immense Stock of Cheap Modern Novels.
A Quantity of New French Novels.
List of the Higher Authorities in China brought down to December, 1890.
Higher Educator and Reciter.
Ten Years in Equatoria, by Major Casati.
Chinese Characteristics by A. H. Smith.
Noto, an Unexplored Corner of Japan, by Percival Lowell, Author of the Soul of the Far East.
Webster's International Dictionary, superseding the Unabridged Dictionary.
A Large Stock of Indian Clubs and Dumb Bells.

Just Published, price $5.
Demy 8vo. 500 pp., with Map and Frontispiece.
THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS,
by John Foreman, F.R.G.S.

Being a Historical, Geographical, Ethnographical, Commercial and Social Sketch of the Philippine Archipelago and its Political Dependencies.

The latest Standard Work on the Philippine Islands.

KELLY & WALSH, LD., HONGKONG.
[20

W. POWELL & CO.

TRAVELLING BAGS.

TRAVELLING TRUNKS.

STRAPS, RUGS,

&c., &c., &c.

W. POWELL & Co.
Hongkong, 28th May, 1891. [a326

THE MARINBURK FURNITURE COMPANY, LIMITED.

With the facility of the Steam Factory, the Company is now enabled to offer the public FURNITURE of every kind, and in the latest and in all designs at prices fully 30 per cent. cheaper than formerly. The Material and Workmanship of all the Company's Manufactures are guaranteed.

Ex Late Arrivals,

A large assortment of LACE CURTAINS, TOILET SETS, and BRASS BEDSTEADS.

IRON BEDSTEADS with Wire and Hair (Best Curled Hair) Mattresses, BOLSTERS, and PILLOWS, complete, are offered at $60 and upwards.

All orders receive immediate attention. Estimates and drawings furnished free on application.

Residents and Visitors are cordially invited to call at the Company's Show Room in "Connaught House," Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 28th May, 1891. [180

W. BREWER

Has just received

A variety of Office Inkstands.
Handsome Library Inkstands.
Folding Pocket Scissors.
Gymnastic Stretchers.
Office Gum Pots, Writing Tablets.
White Office Slates.
Cash Boxes and Despatch Boxes.
Office Pins, Letter Weights, Letter Clips, &c., &c
New Porcelain Menu Tablets.
Patent Tape Measures, all lengths.
Year Book Photography.
British Photo Almanack.
Song of Songs, by Renan.
Postage Stamp Catalogues.
Cassells' Popular Educator, 4 Vols.
Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, 1586 pages selling off for $5.

WALTER W. BREWER,
Under Hongkong Hotel.
21]

MEMORY.—LOISETTE'S SYSTEM.—"Invaluable for exam. purposes and as a sound training of the Memory"—J. Harpur Scaife, LL.B., Law Lecturer of King's College, London (Jan., 1891). "I was impressed with the possibilities of improvement to memory, which the lessons open up."—R. N. Ingle, M.A., M.D., Cambridge University Lecturer in Midwifery (Jan., 1890). "I intend to educate my son entirely on your system."—Rev. C. E. Cookin, M.A., Rector of Lea. (Had lessons by Post.) "Great advantage to strong memory; incalculable aid to weak one."—Dr. J. M. Buckley. "Able to give gist of book after reading it once."—Rev. J. M. Macdonald, B.A. Oxon., M.A. Sydney. "An excellent travelling companion."—Captain J. B. Haye, R.N. "Invaluable."—J. J. Francis, Q.C. "Tremendously popular in Oxford."—*Pall Mall Gazette*, Feb. 4, 1890. Prospectus free. One Pupil £5—13s. Ten Pupils £1 4s. each. Prof. Loisette, 37, New Oxford-street, London, England. [1286

INTIMATIONS

"CAMPHYLENE"

A NEW DISINFECTANT, GERMICIDE, INSECTICIDE, and ANTIMICROBE.

A Powerful and effective Non-poisonous and Non-corrosive Disinfectant for use in Sick Rooms, for fumigating Clothing, Bed Linen, &c., and for general use as an agreeable indoor Disinfectant for Closets, Lavatories, Sinks, &c.

It has a pleasant smell, and is similar to Camphor as regards its property of evaporation. The warmer the weather or climate the more effective is its action.

Prevents Moth in Clothes, Furs, Carpets, &c. Drives away Flies, Mosquitoes, and other Insects.

Camphylene to suit its Various Uses is Manufactured in several forms, viz.:—Balls, Solid Blocks, and Powder.

The Balls and Solid Blocks are Sold in Tins at 50 Cents, $1, $1.50, and $2 each. The Powder in Tins at 50 Cents, $1, and $1.50 each. The largest sizes are the cheapest in proportion.

A. S. WATSON & Co., LIMITED.

Chemists by Appointment.

Sole Agents for
HONGKONG, CHINA, AND MANILA.

Branch Establishments.

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The Shanghai Pharmacy, SHANGHAI, 24, Nankin Road.

Botica Inglesa, MANILA, 14, Escolta.

The Canton Dispensary, CANTON, Canal Road.

The Dispensary, FOOCHOW.

The Dispensary, HANKOW.

The Dispensary, TIENTSIN.

LONDON OFFICE,
106, Fenchurch Street, E.C.

The Hongkong Dispensary,
30th April, 1891. [a256

V R

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS.

Gold Medals, Paris, 1878-1889.
These world-famous Pens are the "Best in the World." [1186

"PINEOTAS."

THE IMPROVED NATURAL DISINFECTANT.

Fragrant Smelling and non-Poisonous.
PINEOTAS DISINFECTING POWDER,
In large 1s. and 1s. 6d. Tin Canisters.
PINEOTAS DISINFECTING FLUID.
In large 1s. Bots, for use in the bath, washing infected linen, &c.
PINEOTAS DISINFECTING OIL,
In large 1s. Bots. A concentrated disinfectant, very powerful, strongly recommended.
To be had of all Chemists, Drug Stores, Drysalters, &c.

HAMILTON & Co., LD.,
Wandsworth, London, S.W.
533]

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from Mr. A. Hahn, to Sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, the 2nd June, 1891, at 2.30 P.M., at his Store, No. 2, Pedder's Street, owing to removal into his NEW PREMISES,

SUNDRY FANCY GOODS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., TOYS, and PLATED WARE.

LADIES' DRESSES, JERSEYS, SILK BLOUSES, SILK UMBRELLAS, STOCKINGS, CHILDREN'S DRESSES, CAPS, and HATS,

GENTLEMEN'S HATS and UMBRELLAS, SLIPPERS, and SOCKS.

EMBROIDERIES, PERAMBULATORS, LEATHER GOODS, STATIONERY, and PICTURES,

&c., &c., &c.

Terms of Sale—As customary.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 30th May, 1891. [1301

PUBLIC AUCTION.

MR. J. M. ARMSTRONG has received instructions from the Mortgagees to Sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, on FRIDAY, the 5th day of June, 1891, at 4 o'clock P.M., on the PREMISES. In one or more Lots.

The following VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY situate at Victoria in the Colony of Hongkong, being Nos. 1, 2, and 3 Chun Wing Lane.

All that PIECE or PARCEL of GROUND Registered in the Land Office as the remaining Portion of Inland Lot No. 113, containing in the whole 2,039 square feet or thereabouts. The above Property is held under Indenture of Crown Lease and extension thereof respectively dated the 18th day of March, 1846, and the 4th day of July, 1859, for the respective terms of 75 years and 924 years, subject to the payment of the due proportion of the annual Crown Rent reserved by this Crown Lease.

For further particulars, apply to
JOHNSON, STOKES, & MASTER,
Solicitors for the Vendor,
Supreme Court House,
or to
J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 28th May, 1891. [1310

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

May 29, Doris, German steamer, 771, Raben, Newchwang and Chefoo 22nd May, Beans and General.—Wieler & Co.

May 29, Palinurus, British steamer, 1,536, Jackson, Liverpool 15th April, and Singapore 23rd May, General.—Butterfield & Swire.

May 29, China, British steamer, 5,200, W. B. Seabury, San Francisco, and Yokohama 24th May, General.—P. M. S. S. Co.

May 29, Alwine, German str., 400, Bendixen, Pakhoi, and Hoihow 28th May, General.—Wieler & Co.

May 29, Hailoong, British steamer, 783, Roach, Tamsui 23rd May, Amoy 26th, and Swatow 28th, General.—Douglas Lapraik & Co.

May 29, Smith, Chinese str., 703, H. Leffler, Kelung 26th May, Amoy 27th, and Swatow 28th, General.—Douglas Lapraik & Co.

May 29, Taicheong, German steamer, 828, P. Dubme, Swatow 28th May, General.—Meyer & Co.

CLEARANCES.

At the Harbour Master's Office.
29th May.

Altair, British bark, for Kelung.
Benlarig, British str., for Kobe.
Tetartos, German str., for Nagasaki.

DEPARTURES.

May 29, Avochie, British str., for Nagasaki.
May 29, Benalder, British str., for Kobe.
May 29, Freja, Danish str., for Hoihow.
May 29, Fushun, Chinese str., for Whampoa.
May 29, Shanghai, British str., for London.
May 29, Taiyuan, British str., for Australia.
May 29, Benlarig, British str., for Kobe.
May 29, Namoa, British str., for Coast Ports.
May 29, Doris, German str., for Whampoa.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.

Per *China*, str., from San Francisco.—Mrs. F. H. Hayes.

Per *Palinurus*, str., from Liverpool, &c.—Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Mayne and 2 children, Messrs. New, and Rumming.

Per *Hailoong*, str., from Tamsui, &c.—Mr. Price, and 313 Chinese.

DEPARTED.

Per *Taiyuan*, str., for Thursday Island.—Mr. Don. For Sydney.—Messrs. J. Mowat, S. W. Coxon, H. H. Lightwood, W. J. Connington, and A. J. McIsaac. For Melbourne.—Messrs. H. M. Pugh and J. Creaney.

VISITORS AT HOTELS.

Hongkong Hotel.—Mr. A. C. Adams, Rev. and Mrs. Wm. Ashmore, Mr. J. C. Bowker, Jr., Mrs. Bartol, Miss Candee, Mr. A. K. S. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Coates, Mr. and Mrs. Cockerham, Capt. and Mrs. Couto, Messrs. G. Crompton, W. H. Ellice, G. R. Galsworthy, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Garrard, Mrs. T. E. Gord, Mrs. T. Heywood Hays, Messrs. O. Johnson, H. W. Lee, Geo. McDonald, Nicol Moneur, W. B. Morrison, H. P. Mosley, De New, Mr. and Mrs. H. Noble, Mr. H. Ratcliff, Mr. and Mrs. R. Reyes, Mr. W. G. Robinson, Capt. and Lady G. Rose, Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Scott, Messrs. Isaac T. Smith, W. B. Thompson, J. C. Tremagne, Geo. S. Williams.

Victoria Hotel.—Mrs. M. C. Barberton, Messrs. E. R. G. Barnes, B. Beveridge, Fred. Borenemann, W. F. Canning, M. A. Cartwright, C. N. Crosse, Dulong, Dumontier, Master Dumontier, Mr. Frandin, Capt. and Mrs. A. Getley, Capt. Hildebrand, Mr. W. C. Jackson, Honourable J. Marsden, Messrs. T. Mikkelsen, Noah, A. S. Penn, Requidat, W. Tarn, C. S. Taylor, R. de Vilanueva, T. Lloyd Williamese, Mr. and Mrs. J. Wood.

Peak Hotel.—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brown, Miss B. Brown, Miss Chearnley, Messrs. E. J. Cayley, J. Harrison Dakin, Mr. and Mrs. F. Dickson, Mr. J. and Mrs. Dinsdale, Miss M. E. Evans, Miss Clara L. Grommes, Miss M. Hale, Messrs. W. W. Hall, J. J. R. Heemskerk, Alfred Higgins, Alfred C. Lampson, H. P. Moseley, A. J. Ogilvie, D. W. Ogilvie, G. S. Reuben, Major Turner, Misses Clara H. West and Nellie W. West, Col. John T. West, Baron and Baroness von Wuhmann.

VESSELS IN DOCK.

Aberdeen Docks.—Loo Sok.

Kowloon Docks.—Chelydra, Japan, Marie, Firebrand, Yiksang, Reina Cristina.

Cosmopolitan Dock.—

TO-DAY.

Rifle Association Competition, 3.15 p.m.

NOTICE OF FIRM

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

CHINA AND JAPAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS in Hongkong and China for the above Line.

DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.
Hongkong, 15th May, 1891. [1231

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE is hereby given, That TSOI CHIU HING, lately trading under the names of KWONG TAK TAI and KWONG TAK MOW, at No. 78, Bonham Strand, Victoria, Hongkong, Merchant, having been adjudged Bankrupt under a Petition for Adjudication filed in this Honourable Court, on the 23rd day of May, 1891, is hereby required to surrender himself to Bruce Shepherd, Esquire, the Acting Registrar of the said Court, at the First Meeting of Creditors to be held before the said Bruce Shepherd, Esquire, on Thursday, the 11th day of June, 1891, at 11 o'clock in the Forenoon precisely at the Supreme Court-House.

The said Bruce Shepherd, Esquire, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Ewens & Reece are the Solicitors in the Bankruptcy.

At the said First Meeting of Creditors the said Acting Registrar will receive the Proofs of the Debts of the Creditors, and those Creditors who shall have proved their Debts respectively, or the Majority in value of them, may choose an Assignee or Assignees of the Bankrupt's Estate and Effects to be called the Creditors' Assignee or Assignees.

All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt or having in their possession Property belonging to him are required not to pay or hand over the same to any Person or Persons other than the said Official Assignee.

EWENS & REECE,
Solicitors in the Bankruptcy.
Hongkong, 29th May, 1891. [1321

ROWLANDS' KALYDOR cools and refreshes the face and hands of all exposed to the hot sun and dust, eradicates freckles, sunburn, tan, &c., and produces a beautiful and delicate complexion.

ROWLANDS' ODONTO whitens the teeth, prevents decay, and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath.

ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL preserves and beautifies the hair, and can be also had in a golden colour.

Sizes 3/6, 7/-, 10/6.

Ask Chemists for Rowlands' Articles, of 20, Hatton Garden, London.

Wholesale and Retail Agents for China:
A. S. WATSON & Co.,
Shanghai.
1608

YEE SANG & Co. 義生怡
COAL MERCHANTS,
have always on hand
LARGE STOCKS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF COAL.
Address:—Care of Messrs. Kwong Sang & Co.
No. 63, PRAYA. [806

INTIMATIONS.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.
The best Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.
For Heartburn and Headache.
For Gout and Indigestion.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.
The best Mild Aperient for Delicate Constitutions; Ladies, Children, and Infants, and for regular use in Warm Climates. Sold throughout the World.
Agents—A. S. Watson & Co., Hongkong. [483

HONGKONG TRADING CO., LD.

"COLONIAL HOUSE."

JAPANESE WHITE CREPE SHIRTS.

JAPANESE COLOURED CREPE SHIRTS.

JAPANESE SILK and CREPE SCARFS.

ALSO,

CALCUTTA PITH HATS and HELMETS

in all the latest Styles and Shapes.

HONGKONG TRADING COMPANY, LD.,
Late the Hall & Holtz C. Co., Limited.

12 GOLD MEDALS — 5 SILVER MEDALS
By Appointment.

KUHN & CO.
HONGKONG. YOKOHAMA.
(Established, 1869).
THE ORIENTAL FINE ART DEPOT.
Known as the Oldest and most reliable Establishment in the East.
Hongkong, 9th February, 1891. [339

WINES AND SPIRITS.

BY APPOINTMENT.
A. S. WATSON & Co., LIMITED,
(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.)
HONGKONG.

We invite attention to the following old landed Brands, all of which are excellent quality and good value for the money.

The same being specially selected by our London House, and bought direct from the most noted Shippers, are imported in wood and bottled by ourselves, thus enabling us to supply the best growths at moderate prices.

☞ In ordering it is only necessary to state the name and quantity of Wine or Spirit wanted, and initial letter for quality desired.

Orders through Local Post or by Telegram receive prompt attention.

		Per doz. Case.	Per Bot.
PORTS. (For Invalids and general use).			
A	Alto Douro, good quality, Green Capsule	$10	$1.00
B	Vintage, superior quality, Red Capsule	12	1.10
C	Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Seal Capsule	14	1.25
D	Very Fine Old Vintage, extra superior, Violet Capsule (Old Bottled)	18	1.50
SHERRIES.			
A	Delicate Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Capsule	6	0.60
B	Superior Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Seal Capsule	7.50	0.75
C	Manzanilla, Pale Natural Sherry, White Capsule	10	1.00
CC	Superior Old Dry Pale Natural Sherry, Red Seal Capsule	10	1.00
D	Very Superior Old Pale Dry, choice old Wine, White Seal Capsule	12	1.10
E	Extra Superior Old Pale Dry, very finest quality, Black Seal Capsule (Old Bottled)	14	1.25
		Per Case. 1 doz. Quarts.	Per Case. 2 doz. Pints.
CLARETS.			
A	Superior Breakfast Claret, Red Capsule	$4	$4.50
B	St. Estephe, Red Capsule	4.50	5.00
C	St. Julien	7	7.50
D	La Rose	11	12.00
		Per doz. Case.	Per Bot.
BRANDY.			
A	Hennessy's Old Pale, Red Capsule	$12	$1.10
B	Superior Very Old Cognac, Red Capsule	14	1.25
C	Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Red Capsule	18	1.60
D	Hennessy's Finest Very Old Liqueur Cognac, 1872 Vintage, Red Capsule	24	2.00
SCOTCH WHISKY.			
A	Thorne's Blend, White Capsule	8	0.75
B	Watson's Glenorchy Mellow Blend; Blue Capsule, with Name and Trade Mark,	8	0.75
C	Watson's Abelour-Glenlivet, Red Capsule, with Name and Trade Mark	8	0.75
D	Watson's H K D Blend of the Finest Scotch Malt Whiskies, Violet Capsule	10	1.00
E	Watson's Very Old Liqueur Scotch Whisky, Gold Capsule	12	1.10
IRISH WHISKY.			
A	John Jameson's Old, Green Capsule	8	0.75
B	John Jameson's Fine Old, Green Capsule	10	1.00
C	John Jameson's Very Fine Old, Green Capsule	12	1.10
	GENUINE BOURBON WHISKY, fine old, Red Capsule, with Name	10	1.00
GIN.			
A	Fine Old Tom, White Capsule	4.50	0.40
B	Fine Unsweetened, White Capsule	4.50	0.40
C	Fine A. V. H. Geneva	5.25	0.50
RUM.			
	Finest Old Jamaica, Violet Capsule	12	1.10
	Good Leeward Island ..$1.50 per Gallon.		

LIQUEURS.
Benedictine. Maraschino. Curacoa. Heering's Cherry Cordial. Chartreuse. Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters, &c.
1—191

MARRIAGE.

At the German Consulate General, on the 23rd May, before Consul von Loehr and afterwards in the Church of Our Saviour, Hongkew, by the Rev. Mr. Thomson, OSCAR MORDHORST, of Tientsin, to MABEL DUNBAR, of Boston, U.S.A.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MAY 30TH, 1891.

The Spanish man-of-war *Reina Cristina* went into dock at Kowloon yesterday.

Owing to pressure on our space we are able to find room for only one chapter of our serial tale to-day; another chapter will appear on Monday.

The following telegram was received by the Spanish Consul from Manila on Thursday night:—"There is a depression in the Pacific N.E. of Manila."

The Agents (Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Co.) inform us that the steamer *Sussex*, from Portland (Oregon), left Nagasaki for this port on the 27th inst. at 6 p.m.

The P. & O. steamer *Gwalior* left Bombay for this port on the afternoon of the 28th inst.

We have to acknowledge receipt of the Customs *Gazette* for the first quarter of the present year.

We understand the final in the Lawn Tennis Championship between Messrs. W. H. Wallace and G. S. Coxon will come off this afternoon on the cricket ground.

Citizen George Francis Train took passage for Singapore by the *Frigga*, which left at four o'clock yesterday morning. His intention is to join the *Moyune* at Singapore.

Mr. David Comrie has been elected by the Penang Chamber of Commerce as the representative of that body in the Legislative Council of the Straits Settlements in succession to Mr. J. Y. Kennedy, resigned.

A telegram in a Californian paper dated New York, April 29, says:—The British ship *Lansdowne*, which sailed from Japan 199 days ago, is given up as lost, including Captain Newcomb, the commander, and a crew of about forty men.

Mr. Fung-yee, formerly Secretary of Legation to the Court of St. James under Marquis Tsêng and H.E. Liu, has, it is reported by the *Hu-pao*, been commissioned by the Nanking Viceroy to arrange amicably the matters connected with the late riot at Wuhu.

To-morrow morning, between 9 and 10.30 o'clock, the steam launch *Dayspring*, carrying the Bethel flag, will call alongside any vessel hoisting code pennant C. to convey men ashore to 11 a.m. service at St. Peter's (Seamen's) Church, returning about 12.30.

It is rarely, if ever, that so many large vessels have been seen in Hongkong Harbour at the same time as were to be seen yesterday. There were four British vessels whose aggregate tonnage amounted to about 22,000 tons. The vessels were the *Empress of India*, *Empress of Japan*, *Gaelic*, and *China*.

Latest reports to hand regarding the stranded Japanese steamer *Takachiho-maru* are of a hopeful character. At 8.50 p.m. on the 22nd May, Captain Walker telegraphed from Idzuhara, near the scene of the accident, "Yesterday divers planked the hole in the bunker; nasty hole in forehold to fix. If fine weather, still hopeful."

Passenger traffic across the Pacific is booming. A correspondent, writing from Yokohama to the *Hyogo News* on May 15th, says:—"We find that the *Oceanic*, on which we sail on Saturday, 17th, is quite full. The officers are said to be selling their cabins to those disappointed in getting berths at unusually good rates. Five hundred dollars have been rumoured in one instance. The *Rio* is also full, with an overflow left over for the next steamer. The *Parthia* is too small, it is said, by two-thirds for those anxious to book by her."

The Court of Inquiry held at Kobe concerning the loss of the steamer *Albany* found as follows:—We find that the ship *Albany* was lost on the night of the 15th inst., on the Island of Matsushima, but that no blame attaches to the captain, officers, and crew of the ship, but that the pilot mistook the northern end of the island for the south owing to the state of the atmosphere, which in the opinion of the Court must have been denser than he imagined. There will be the usual order for costs, and the certificates of the captain and officers will be returned.

H.M.S. *Alacrity*, with Admiral Richards on board, left Shanghai on the 25th May for Taku. The *Porpoise* and *Peacock* arrived at Shanghai from Hongkong on the 24th and the former left on the 25th for Nanking. The German gunboat *Wolf* arrived at Shanghai from Kelung on the 24th, flying her homeward bound pennant. The U.S.S. *Palos* was expected on the 26th and was to proceed up river. The five foreign men-of-war already on the Yangtsze were stationed as follows:—*Swift* at Chinkiang, *Linnet* at Wuhu, *Inconstant* and *Vipère* at Ngankin, and *Iltis* at Kiukiang. At Wuhu the American mission was protected by Chinese soldiers, while four of the rioters at Ngankin were wearing the cangue.

The Hongkong Branch of the National Temperance League held its annual meeting on Thursday night at the Soldiers' and Sailors' Institute. The report showed a membership of 90 and a small balance in hand financially. The assembly was not a large or enthusiastic one. Dr. Thomson hit straight on the moderate drinking question and was evidently at home on his subject, but most of the other speakers were somewhat inapt and ill at ease. Choir and soloists were alike good, and the selections well-rendered and appropriate. The bright and pointed speech of the Rev. G. H. Bondfield, which summed up the proceedings in an admirable manner, was of the true non-vacillating, go-ahead type, which is as instructive as attractive. This society, like many others doing good and noble work, urgently needs a hall where the hygienic and acoustic conditions would be at least fairly good. The room at present used presented on Thursday night the unpleasant alternative of proceeding in darkness or stewing in a temperature almost unbearable.—Contributed.

The Washington correspondent of the San Francisco *Chronicle* writes, under date 27th April:—It now appears that the rumours concerning ex-Senator Blair and the refusal of the Chinese Government to receive him as a Minister from the United States were well founded, as it is given out to-night that Secretary Blaine has notified him to return to Washington. He is now on his way to the Pacific coast prior to his starting for the Orient, and advanced as far as Chicago, where the Secretary's telegram reached him. It is intimated here that the tabooed Minister, since his rejection at the Chinese court, may be transferred to the vacant Japanese mission and Colonel Denby allowed to remain for a time longer at the Chinese capital. Among officials there is indisposition to discuss the subject of Blair's rejection. Still, it is evident there is no general desire to magnify the incident into the proportion of a diplomatic rupture. It is a long-established rule of diplomacy that a nation is not obliged to accept a Minister who is not *persona grata*, and that rejection on that account is not to be construed into an intended affront to the dignity of the nation which sends the Minister. Altogether the opinion in official circles is general that the United States is by its own conduct estopped from resenting Minister Blair's rejection, and that after waiting for a length of time sufficient to maintain the national dignity a new Minister will be appointed by President Harrison.

Further outrages upon missionaries are reported by the *Hu-pao*. In Hoohow district, about 120 *li* from Ngankin, there is a large Roman Catholic Church. On the 15th May the people, excited with the rumours of the Wuhu riot, and believing the accusations against the Catholics of stealing children, gathered in their thousands and surrounded the Cathedral and the female school. The cries of "put them to death" and "burn it down" were loud and numerous. The crisis was threatening. The multitude grew denser and denser and the streets were blocked. The magistrate hearing of the report hastened to the spot with a bodyguard of soldiers. The fearless and determined character of this official is so well-known that his presence at once inspired awe. Without parley or ceremony the magistrate, as soon as he reached the spot, charged headlong with his guards. He broke through the centre of the thick mass, wheeled to the right and then to the left, striking and trampling down all and every one opposed to his dauntless fury. The crowd gave way in every direction and seventeen rioters followed the triumphant procession into the *yamên*. The streets were again quiet and there was no sign of any disturbance having taken place except one bungalow, belonging to the Church, in ruins. Money was paid by the magistrate to the Catholic Fathers to repair the bungalow. When the magistrate entered his *yamên* he held an open court to try the rioters and the evidence gathered pointed to a native runner Wang Lou-wu as the ringleader, who was put in irons and consigned to prison to await trial for his offence. There is no fear of any further rising, as the magistrate who dared to charge the people without hesitation and then sit in open court to take the examination of the rioters is not a man to be trifled with. On the 18th May, at Chingyi in Anhui, a missionary dressed in Chinese clothing and speaking the Peking dialect, was preaching in the church on the east main street when a crowd assembled, first upbraiding him, then accusing him of many crimes, and finally smashing up everything in the church. The missionary made his escape without being injured. The Governor-General has issued proclamations ordering the people to keep quiet and also stating that all disturbers of the peace will be severely punished according to law.

The presence of a British surveying vessel in the Tawi-tawi archipelago, to the south of Sulu, seems to have caused the Spaniards some alarm. A correspondent of the Manila *Comercio*, writing from Sulu on the 15th May, gives particulars of the affair. It appears that the British vessel having set up mark flags on the island of Sibuter, and the fact having come to the knowledge of the Governor of Sulu, the latter left in the gunboat *Callao* to see how matters stood. Satisfactory explanations were given. The English commander, according to the account, was apparently unaware that sovereignty over the island was claimed by Spain, but stated that the flags hoisted were not the national flag but merely mark flags for surveying purposes. The correspondent remarks that an effective occupation of the islands to the south of Sulu is impossible, owing to financial reasons, but that at least a gunboat ought to be kept regularly cruising in the waters.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

[SUPPLIED TO THE "DAILY PRESS."]

LONDON, 27th May.

LIEUT GRANT'S REWARD.

Lieut. Grant, of Manipur fame, has received the Victoria Cross and also been promoted.

THE DERBY.

The following is the result of the running for the Derby:—

Common	1
Gouverneur	2
Martenhurst	3

POLICE COURT.

29th May.

BEFORE MR. A. G. WISE.

THE MANILA LOTTERY TICKET CASE.

In this case, in which Chan Kwan was fined $25 for selling a Manila lottery ticket on board the *Fokien*, and in which 329 tickets and $17 in money found on him were ordered to be confiscated, Mr. Phillippo appeared for the defendant and asked that the tickets and money might be returned.

Mr. Phillippo said that the man was convicted of selling lottery tickets and the tickets and money found on him were confiscated, under what section of the Ordinance he did not know. If it was under Section 8 he had a few words to say on the matter. Why Manila lottery tickets, which were duly issued by the Spanish Government, should be defined in the same way as Wei Sing and other Chinese lottery tickets was more than he could understand. The Manila lottery was a source of revenue to the Spanish Government and was under Government control, and should not be defined in the same way as the Chinese lotteries which were run in private interest. If his Worship had power to fine anybody for selling these tickets, he had nothing more to say, but he would submit that as the law had so suddenly come into force and these people had been in the habit of selling these tickets unmolested, they did not know as yet that the law was in force. His client admitted selling one ticket, and there was only evidence as to his selling one, but he had 328 slips in his pocket at the time and $17 and an umbrella, all of which were confiscated.

His Worship—I did not confiscate his umbrella, did I? (Laughter.)

Mr. Phillippo—I understood so, your Worship. If you have a right to forfeit those tickets, I have nothing further to say, but the law has come into force so suddenly that I would ask you to return the tickets and the money and umbrella.

His Worship—I did not confiscate his umbrella.

P.C. Green, in reply to his Worship, said the umbrella had not been confiscated.

Mr. Phillippo asked that the tickets might be given back to his client so that he might return them where they came from. These tickets found on him might be for his own use. There was nothing in the Ordinance about having a ticket in your possession; you simply must not buy or sell. There was no evidence that he intended to sell these.

His Worship said there was evidence that the man had sold one. He was fined under Section 8, but the tickets and money were confiscated under Section 18, which referred to the property found on persons gambling in the streets. Gambling covered dealing in Lottery tickets, but unfortunately he could not stretch the word "street" to include a ship, and therefore he should order the return of the tickets and the money. He could not say that this clause was not intended to apply to such cases, but it so happened that this man was selling on board ship, and he could not say that this was the same as selling in the street. He, therefore, ordered the money and tickets to be returned.

DEFILING A GIRL.

Joseph Robert Grimble, Sanitary Inspector, was charged with having on divers occasions since the 6th April, 1891, had carnal knowledge of a girl named Elizabeth Jane Simmons, aged 15 years.

Mr. Wilkinson appeared for the defendant and asked for a remand, as he had just been instructed.

The case was remanded till Tuesday next, bail being allowed in $500.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

Siu Kue was charged with driving a pony suffering from a large open sore.

P.C. Graham said that on the 26th May at 3 p.m. he was in Queen's Road, when he saw defendant driving a pony and trap. The pony appeared to limp, and he followed and examined it. He found a sore on the left shoulder about the size of three fingers from which blood was coming. The collar was pressing on the sore.

Fined $5 or 14 days' imprisonment.

GAMBLING CASE.

Four men were convicted, the first three with keeping, the fourth with playing in, a common gaming house in Possession Street.

The first three were fined $50 or one month's imprisonment, the fourth $5 or fourteen days' imprisonment.

A. & S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

An extraordinary general meeting of the above Company was held at the Hongkong Dispensary yesterday afternoon for the purpose of confirming the special resolution for increasing the capital of the Company which was passed at the meeting held on the 14th inst. There were present Messrs. J. D. Humphreys (Chairman), H. Wicking, H. Humphreys, F. Rapp, W. D. Sutton, Chan Afook, A. Mancell, J. Grant, J. S. Hagen, T. H. Talbot (Secretary).

The CHAIRMAN proposed that the resolution be confirmed.

Mr. WICKING seconded and the motion was carried.

Mr. WICKING—Have you any objection, Mr. Chairman, to stating when you propose to issue the new stock?

The CHAIRMAN—I do not propose to issue it until we can usefully employ the capital. We have sufficient money for our present requirements and I think I shall probably issue it towards the latter part of the year. I shall call up the money when I think it will be advisable, I scarcely think it should carry dividend, but simply interest, to the end of the year.

THE ACTING COLONIAL CHAPLAIN ON HONGKONG AND ITS PROGRESS.

The following sermon was preached by the Rev. H. E. Taverner, Acting Colonial Chaplain at St. John's Cathedral on Sunday morning last, the Queen's Birthday:—

ISAIAH LIV. 10.—For the Mountains shall depart, and the Hills be removed; but my kindness shall not depart from thee, neither shall the Covenant of my peace be removed, saith the Lord that hath mercy on thee.

Only fifty years ago! One utters the exclamation in amazement of soul. Only fifty years ago the Island on which we now are rose in all its sublime majesty of outline, and its solid granite mass, from out this blue sea of almost matchless beauty. Then, as now, the not less majestic mainland confronted it, now smilingly, now frowningly, as the bright sun glared across the face of the mountain steeps, or the black clouds of the hurricane came sweeping by. And for how many thousands of years had this been so? We know not. But if we could have thus gazed upon the "Island of Sweet Waters" fifty years ago, resting fast fixed upon what might seem its eternal foundations, surely we should above all things have been impressed by its solitude, its desolation. It may be that then as now some few strange shaped native burying places of the dead gazed upward from the huge slopes like great vacant faces into the illimitable sky. Doubtless then was heard the unceasing sound of the cicada, a very weariness to the soul. Then, as now, some solitary eagle swooped round the mountain peaks to find its home amid the vast purple boulders scattered there. Then, as now, when dusk came on was heard the plaintive note of the "widow" bird through the awful stillness of night. And what a stillness was that! Such a stillness, such a silence as might have reigned in Chaos, when the Spirit of God moved upon the face of the deep. A few fishing huts fringed the water's edge, but the desolation was almost complete. And now, lift up thine eyes and see. "Lift up thine eyes round about and behold: all these gather themselves together, and come to thee. As I live, saith the Lord, thou shalt surely clothe thee with them all, as with an ornament, and bind them on thee as a bride doeth." Truly to turn from that desolation of fifty years ago and gaze upon the same scene to-day is not merely a wonderful, but an absolutely startling thing. These splendid buildings, public and private, these well made roads, these massive tanks, this aqueduct bridging a huge ravine, a very triumph of engineering skill, stand out not unworthy of the best days of ancient Rome. These beautiful gardens massed with groups of choicest flowers and hedged with stephanotis; and even the quiet resting place of the dead, The Happy Valley—loveliest garden of all;—our noble Hospitals, not less remarkable for their excellent management than for their structural grandeur—all fill with amazement a thoughtful mind. And perhaps even these must stand second in point of interest to that sight which meets us as we turn from the land and gaze upon the sea. When and where shall we find anything to compare with that? To those who have long lived and toiled under a tropical sun, or rejoiced in the lovely winter season, the spectacle may not appear so striking or magnificent, yet it seems as though so vast and varied a panorama of ocean life could not fail to strike even these with a sense of admiration ever new. To the new comer, the Harbour of Hongkong must present a spectacle to which it is absolutely impossible to do justice in words. The vast assemblage of shipping of all kinds, whether of the stately steamers or sailing vessels; of vessels of war of many nationalities; together with the clouds of native craft that throng this huge harbour, speak with no uncertain voice, and tell of the greatness of this Colony. Great now, and in the future how much greater, who can tell! Hongkong, like some modern Salamis, faces the mainland; and in the broad waters of her Harbour, who shall say what mighty deeds hereafter shall be enacted, or what heroism time shall unfold? The wave of civilisation has swept round with irresistible force even here to the Far East, and in the order of time this side of the world must have its day, and leave a striking record of its history. And well, now, may we turn our thoughts to those who during this space of fifty years, have brought (under God's blessing) all this to pass. There must be some present here to-day who can say in the words of Virgil—"*Quorum pars magna fui*"—"In which I played a mighty part." All honour to those present. All honour to those absent. All honour to those who have gone to their well earned rest! They seem to me to have come out here with this purpose in their hearts, viz.: to bring to bear their knowledge of the needs of civilisation derived from home life, and to better that knowledge by several degrees in practice here, untrammelled by precedent of old. But there is a further consideration. Hongkong cannot but owe its greatness in the first instance to those stern brave hearts who made her their own, for their Sovereign—our gallant forces by land and sea—struggling onwards under the deadly influence of fever and a tropical sun. Next, to that not less gallant band of men who came out to organise all things civil, counting as of small worth their time, exile from home, health, when set beside their duty to their Gracious Queen. Next, to those brave and worthy sons of the United Kingdom who brought with them the spirit of adventure and commercial enterprise, which is the very strength and backbone of our Empire. And upon this must have followed at least two furthering causes of success, (1.) Just and equal laws for all, (2.) Commercial integrity. There are, we know, exceptions to every rule. But, in the main, these two conditions must have been observed or Hongkong could never have been what it is. And looking earnestly further still far above and beyond all this, we may well remember, and especially on this day, under whose gracious auspices these Ministers, these officers, have been sent and are still sent and entrusted with the organisation and administration of this Colony. And in so doing we shall surely strike the key-note of the whole position. A good master makes good servants—a good Monarch makes good Ministers and officers. Do you not grasp the truth that the Sovereign whom God has set over us all, from England even to this colony in the Far East, is in truth the final and ultimate source to which we must refer the prosperity which we now possess? It is a critical moment for a nation which is to be governed, and for the Sovereign who governs it, when the Throne is ascended, and the sceptre is bent over the nation. Those who remain under the immediate shadow of the Throne, and those who go forth as the emissaries of that Throne, are strongly biassed for good or evil by that Throne, and carry with them its influence for good or ill. Happy therefore are they who have, in times gone by, gone forth, and happy those who still go forth, as the messengers of one great Monarch, who has reigned neither for pleasure nor for wrong, whose long and happy reign has been sullied by no blot or stain of cruelty or injustice, but during which the majesty of the law has been enabled to walk with equal step, dealing out justice to the wronged, right to the fatherless and widow, retribution to the criminal, and even this always hand in hand with mercy. I think that this must be a brighter jewel in a crown than even the fairest province won by blood. It is a great blessing indeed for a colony like this to look across that mighty stretch of ocean and of land and know that it is thus bound by those strongest of all ties, namely, of love, of trust, of deep respect. And it is resting upon this bright assurance and hope that we may—though conscious of many misdeeds and shortcomings in the past—yet cherish under such exalted guidance sure confidence in a great future. This noble and beautiful Island Crown Colony, blessed in its Sovereign, bright in its present, strong in the expectation of its great future and of possibilities almost without limit, must go onwards to great and greater things. Yet I know of nothing so good, nothing so great, nothing so immeasurably placed above and beyond all blessings as this, that we could desire, namely, that to our beloved Queen, and afterwards to us her faithful subjects, might be spoken by God those beautiful words—"A very frontlet between our eyes." "No weapon that is formed against thee shall prosper." "Fear not for I am with thee." Or as in the words of our text—"For the Mountains shall depart, and the Hills be removed; but my kindness shall not depart from thee, neither shall the covenant of my peace be removed, saith the Lord that hath mercy on thee."

CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our Correspondents.]

A "CORRECTION" CORRECTED.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "DAILY PRESS."

HANCOCK v. SHAMEEN HOTEL AND LAND CO., LD.

SIR,—In your issue of this morning Mr. Rodyk seeks to correct your report of the proceedings in the above case. I think it was undesirable to address you thus while the matter is still *sub judice*, but as the letter is entirely misleading perhaps you will allow me to correct it. In reply to Mr. Reece's question, "Would you consider Mr. Hancock's charges excessive on designs for buildings of the value of over $22,000?" Mr. Danby answered, "Yes, I would." The defendants' attempt to allege that I charged $1,297 on an outlay of $3,000 is most unfair; in the first place, the estimated cost of the three sets of designs was $22,358, and secondly, the amount of my charges is $1,171 (not $1,297), or less than 5 per cent., excluding disbursements.—Your obedient servant,

W. ST. JOHN H. HANCOCK.

Hongkong, 29th May, 1891.

The last of the famous Borgias has just died in most abject poverty at Gingi, near Saalsburg, and his widow has been removed to a public hospital in a dying condition, the consequence of privation. The deceased man was the great grandson of Don Alberto Borgia, the last of the race to bear the rank and honours of a prince, and his father was Baron Freidrich Borgia, a professor in Essex. The man made a living as a small official and afterward as a photographer. Ill health prevented him providing for his old age, and the descendant of popes, cardinals and princes spent the last year of his existence as a street mendicant. His wife was a washerwoman, who, woman like, thought a little ample compensation for the disadvantages of the connection. The expenses of the funeral have been defrayed by the Duchess of Austria who only heard of the man's plight when he was dying.

CLOSING EVENTS OF THE CZAREWITCH'S VISIT TO JAPAN.

The following incidents are taken from Yokohama papers:—

THE PRINCE'S WOUND.

The *Official Gazette* states that when Prince Kitashirakawa, in connection with the assumption of his duties as President of the Committee of Entertainment, visited the Czarewitch, he found that His Imperial Highness' wound had made marked progress towards recovery. The Czarewitch took advantage of the opportunity to explain how much gratified he had been by the warm friendship shown towards him by the people of Japan, and to say that the additional evidences of that feeling furnished since his injury had afforded him more satisfaction than he could express. The *Jiji Shimpo* learns that the two wounds are within the Prince's hair and do not extend to his forehead or face. Consequently, when they are healed, the only remains of the injury will be two lines among the hair. The physicians in attendance on the Prince assert that the wounds take the form of a cross with the arms at a very acute angle, but the Prince is positive that he only received one stroke from Tsuda's sword. The stitches were removed on the fifth day, and no inflammation or suppuration appeared, so that complete recovery will be a very speedy matter.

THE PRINCE AND THE JINRIKSHA MEN.

The Czarewitch has behaved with the proverbial munificence of the Romanofs towards Mukobatake Jisaburo and Kitaga Ichitaro, the two jinriksha men who threw Tsuda Sanzo to the ground and wounded him with his own sword at the time of his attack on the Prince. On the evening of the 18th instant he summoned the two men to his ship, and presented them with a decoration, and a sum of 2,500 *yen* each, at the same time promising them each a pension of 1,000 *yen* annually during the remainder of their lives. The *Nippon*, from which we take this information, adds that the Czarewitch bade them give up the humble occupation of jinriksha drawing and take to some better pursuit, and that they were to be photographed on board His Imperial Highness' ship the following morning. Mukobatake and Kitaga must be puzzled to credit their good fortune. To-day, poor jinriksha coolies, barely able to earn bit and sup; to-morrow, gentlemen with two decorations, twenty-five hundred *yen* in their pockets and a yearly income of 1,036 *yen* for the rest of their lives. Minute details are published about the action of the Czarewitch towards the two jinriksha men who, by their presence of mind and courage on the 11th May, have become the heroes of the hour. We find little to add, however, to what we have already written. It seems that Mukobatake Jisaburo was the man who clasped Tsuda's legs and threw him down, while Kitaga Ichitaro seized the fanatic's sword and slashed him with it. We learn, also that the present of 5,000 *yen* to the two men was from the Czarewitch, and that the life pension of 1,000 *yen* annually is the Czar's munificent recognition of their act. When they went on board the flagship to be decorated and enriched, the Prince Imperial is said to have given them most kindly and excellent advice, urging them not to over-estimate their suddenly acquired riches, and otherwise admonishing them in a manner that bespoke genuine benevolence. As they were about to leave the ship, the sailors got hold of them, drank their healths, cheered them, chaired them, and behaved with all the exuberant gratitude that loyal men might be expected to feel under the circumstances. The quondam coolies are said to have been greatly astonished and abashed. They averred that any Japanese would have acted as they did under the circumstances, but of course the Russians did not take that view. It is altogether a pretty little episode, serving in some degree to lighten an otherwise sombre situation.

THE HISTORY OF THE JINRIKSHA COOLIES.

The *Choya Shimbun* gives the following particulars of the jinriksha coolies who saved the Czarewitch's life on his being attacked at Otsu. Kitaga Ichitaro, one of these fortunate men, is the son of a farmer of Kamo-mura, Ishikawa-ken, and is now about 33 years of age. While at home, he worked with his father as an agricultural labourer, but about five or six years ago he elected to follow the profession of a jinriksha-man, and went to Kyoto for that purpose.

Only last month he obtained employment in the above capacity in connection with the Tokiwa Hotel, Kyoto. The other coolie, Mukobatake Jisaburo by name, is slightly older, and came from Hanase-mura to Kyoto in 1887, and also adopted the profession of jinriksha pulling. He was also engaged at the Tokiwa Hotel this year, and has borne the character, apparently, of peace-maker and general referee in cases of disagreement among his fellow men. It is said that both the men are tall and excessively muscular, and known to be unusually plucky, and they are reported to exceedingly regret not having been able to carry out their intention to cut off Tsuda's head and feet when he attacked the Czarewitch. When these unconscious heroes received the honours and pensions graciously conferred on them by His Majesty and the Russian Prince Imperial, they were for a time, our contemporary states, completely overcome with their unexpected good fortune, and hardly knew how to acknowledge their privileges. When they took their newly received orders home to their respective families, they were the objects of the most profound admiration and respect, and delighted little cries of *Ichiko!* and *Jisako!* were sounded on every side, the happy occasion being later on celebrated by a big dinner to all their relations and friends.

THE PRINCE INTERCEDES FOR THE GOVERNOR OF SHIGA.

The *Nichi Nichi Shimbun* reports a conversation which took place, it says, between the Emperor and the Czarewitch in the train, between Kyoto and Kobe on the 13th May. The Czarewitch, according to our contemporary, said:—"A few minutes before I received this injury, the Governor of Shiga Prefecture, Mr. Oki Morikata, told me at luncheon that as only five days had elapsed since his assumption of the duties of his post, he had been obliged to entrust everything to his secretaries, and he begged me to excuse any shortcomings in the arrangements for entertaining me. If that be the case, his position at present is very much to be pitied, and I entreat Your Majesty to take these facts in consideration, and deal with him leniently." To this the Emperor is said to have made the following reply:—"I cannot sufficiently thank Your Imperial Highness for the kindly consideration you have shown in this matter. It is quite true, as the Governor told you, that he had only just entered upon the duties of his post, but from the moment that he became Governor of a Prefecture, the whole responsibility of the position devolved upon him. Even though he had been but a few days in office, it was for him to discharge its functions. As, however, Your Imperial Highness has been kind enough to allude to this question more than once, I will give it further consideration." No further allusion was made to the subject.

THE FAREWELL TO THE MIKADO.

When the decision of the Czarewitch to leave Japan on the 19th May was announced, His Majesty the Emperor invited the Prince to a farewell luncheon at the Goyo-tei in Kobe. The Prince is understood to have accepted, and preparations were set on foot at the Goyo-tei, but finally the medical advisers of the Czarewitch decided that it would be better for him not to undergo the exertion of landing, and the Prince wrote in the following terms:—"I regret that I am prevented, by the advice of my medical attendant, from having the honour of accepting your kind invitation to-morrow (19th May). I should feel a keen regret in leaving Japan without having personally bade farewell to Your Majesty, and I would therefore ask Your Majesty to dine with me on board my man-of-war at such time as may be to Your Majesty's convenience. Your Majesty's favourable reply will give me exceeding pleasure." The Emperor accordingly proceeded on board the *Pamiat Azova*, where he dined and bade farewell to the Czarewitch.

TELEGRAMS OF CONDOLENCE.

The *Yomiuri Shimbun* alleges that during the forty-eight hours immediately succeeding the Otsu incident, over ten thousand telegrams of condolence reached the Russian Prince Imperial from various parts of Japan. The duty of translating these, as well as the innumerable letters received, devolved upon the unfortunate members of the Entertainment Committee, who of course found themselves quite unequal to such a wholly unanticipated strain on their capacity. They had to obtain aid from the Local Authorities, but, even thus assisted, the task must have been immense, seeing that the epistles of condolence numbered many hundreds every day. To prepare a romanised list of the callers, who, up to the time of the Prince's leaving Kyoto, are said to have aggregated over twenty thousand, would have been in itself a big performance.

A SHOWER OF DECORATIONS.

The departure of the Czarewitch has been the signal for a shower of Japanese decorations. Prince George of Greece got more than forty of the officers accompanying the Czarewitch have been thus honoured by the Emperor. It happened that the day (18th) preceding that fixed for His Imperial Highness' departure from Japan was his birthday. The Emperor accordingly sent him a magnificent piece of embroidery, sixteen square yards in superficies, or twelve feet square, and the Empress presented a cabinet of gold lacquer, while Prince Kitashirakawa and the officials of the Reception Committee offered two beautiful baskets of artificial flowers. These gifts were carried to the ship of the Czarewitch by Prince Kitashirakawa.

GIFTS FROM OSAKA TO THE PRINCE.

A hundred of the leading manufacturers of Osaka have presented to the Czarewitch two lacquer boxes valued at 400 *yen* and a pair of screens valued at 60 *yen*. They accompanied these gifts with twenty barrels of *saké*. The Prince is said to have been much pleased by this attention. The Mercantile Marine Company (*Shosen Kwaisha*) showed its liberality on the same day by giving free passage and entertainment to all persons desiring to proceed from Osaka to inquire after the health of the Czarewitch.

THE FEELING IN RUSSIA.

The *Nichi Nichi Shimbun* says that inquiries were sent by the Japanese Government to the Legation in St. Petersburg in order to obtain information as to the state of feeling caused in Russia by the news of the attack on the Czarewitch. The Representative of Japan in that city has replied that, after careful examination of all the newspapers, he finds their tone calm, and is unable to discover any evidences of angry feeling among the people.

YOKOHAMA'S LOSS.

It is stated that the Czarewitch's curtailment of his visit will result in a loss to Yokohama, in business, of $300,000.

A PATRIOTIC JAPANESE DAMSEL.

On the evening of the 20th May, a very sad incident occurred in Kyoto. A young woman of respectable appearance and comely features cut her throat in front of the Local Government buildings. She had with her three documents, in which she declared herself to be from the Prefecture of Chiba, and explained that she had come in the hope of apologizing to the Russian Crown Prince for the injury received by him at the hands of a Japanese, but that, having been unable to obtain audience of His Highness she had made up her mind to commit suicide so as to establish the sincerity of her motives. Her wounds are said to be happily not mortal, though very severe.

Letters were found in her pocket addressed to her mother and brother, also five *yen* notes, and a copy of the *Yomiuri Shimbun*, beside the razor with which she took her life. The letters explain that she had come from Tokyo only the day before, having previously had the razor sharpened by a hairdresser in the capital; she had also paid a visit to several temples.

The letters left by the jinriksha-man at the city office and written by her were addressed, one to the Russian Officials, the other to the Japanese Government authorities. The former was as follows:—

To the Russian Officials.

If the Russian Crown Prince will have sympathy with me, he will soon appear in the capital and undergo medical treatment there leisurely, and place the countryman of a humble woman under a deep obligation to him.—I am, yours most respectfully,

YUKO.

Elder sister of Hatakeyama Banjiro of Kamogawa-machi Maebara, Nagasa-gun Chiba-ken.

The second letter was addressed to the Japanese officials and stated that she had intended to reach Kyoto before the Czarewitch's departure, and asked for leave of absence from her master, but had been refused until too late. She felt the disappointment deeply, as she had hoped to benefit both Russia and Japan if the Czarewitch could have been persuaded to visit the capital. She requested the authorities to communicate with her family, and expressed a wish that the medical school in Kyoto might have her body for scientific purposes if it was desired.

THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The P. M. steamer *China*, with the American mail of the 7th inst., arrived here yesterday morning. The following telegrams are taken from our San Francisco files:—

THE BEHRING SEA QUESTION.

LONDON, 5th May.

The Moscow *Gazette* is indignant at the English and American press ignoring Russia's connection with the Behring sea matter, and declares that any agreement made without Russia's consent will be worthless.

The *Gazette* speaks with respectful sympathy of American claims, and says it is time that England was taught that the possession of a powerful fleet does not entitle her to treat every bit of open sea as her peculiar property. The *Gazette* proposes that America and Russia settle the question without reference to England.

WASHINGTON, 5th May.

The *Post* says the diplomatic negotiations between the United States and Great Britain regarding Behring sea are again in progress, and the orders to the revenue cutters will not be issued for perhaps a week.

THE STEEL AND IRON OF THE UNITED STATES.

LONDON, 5th May.

Sir James Kitson, president of the Iron and Steel Institute, referring to his recent visit to the United States, said in an address delivered to-day that the resources of the United States were boundless, and that whether protection or free trade carried the day the United States were bound to become great manufacturers of iron and steel. Sir James added that though the iron furnaces of the United States were producing larger quantities of iron than were produced in England, there were compensations in the latter country in the economy and in the quality of the material. Coal in the United States, Sir James added, was abundant and accessible, and he warned both the producers and workingmen of England to pause in their demands in view of the illimitable resources of the United States.

THE PRINCE OF WALES'S FINANCES.

LONDON, 4th May.

I am informed that the severe financial conditions which, as many are aware, have been for some time pressing heavily on the Prince of Wales and which have caused a depression in his manner and aspect that has been so generally observed, are now in a fair way to be mitigated although it is improbable that the resources will be forthcoming wholly to liquidate the obligations which have gradually accumulated around him.

There will be averted a necessity which, until recently, has been seriously apprehended, of an application to Parliament in behalf of the Prince. It has been arranged, I believe, that the Queen will contribute a large sum from her accumulations, a subsidy amounting to several hundred thousand pounds, the administration of which, in satisfaction of certain classes of obligations of the heir apparent, will be in the hands of an official liquidator nominated by the Queen. Other measures are under consideration, and among the stipulations to which the Prince has assented is the assignment to the Duke of Clarence of an adequate regular income.

THE O'SHEA DIVORCE CASE.

LONDON, 5th May.

Though no official confirmation can be obtained of the story that the Queen's Proctor is making inquiries with a view to intervene in the O'Shea divorce suit to prevent the decree being made absolute, it is generally credited. It is also stated that the information supplied to the Queen's Proctor alleges that O'Shea suppressed material facts. If this is proved to have been the case the divorce proceedings will be annulled and Parnell cannot marry Mrs. O'Shea. The belief is prevalent that the least independent inquiry would upset O'Shea's case, not by disproving the adultery of his wife, but by showing that negligence and difference on his part might amount to collusion.

A CURIOUS ATTEMPT TO SWINDLE.

LONDON, 5th May.

In the Marlborough Street Police Court to-day Edward Pinter, aged 56, who represented himself as an American, was charged with attempting to obtain $40,000 from Edwin Streeter, a large Bond-street jeweller. Pinter claimed to have a secret method of tripling a given quantity of gold. Streeter went to his room as invited and there found elaborate paraphernalia, among which a crucible figured largely. In order to test the thing he handed Pinter a sovereign which was put in crucible, crushed and came out equal to three sovereigns in mass. This was handed over to Streeter and he put it in his pocket. Pinter then suggested that Streeter should furnish 40,000 sovereigns which he would immediately transmute into 120,000. Streeter appeared willing to consider this, but asked as a further test that Pinter come to his (Streeter's) works and there do what he said he was able. While at work there Pinter was arrested. In court, Streeter explained that he learned that Pinter had played the same sort of a game in America, and had taken from a man there some $18,000. He was held to answer.

THE SENTENCE ON CAPTAIN VERNEY, M.P.

LONDON, 6th May.

Captain Verney, M.P., to-day pleaded not guilty to the charge of procuring the governess, Miss Beckett, for immoral purposes, but pleaded guilty to a conspiracy to procure her. Captain Verney was then sentenced to one year's imprisonment without hard labour. During the trial the court was packed with people eager to witness the sensation of the case. Captain Verney, though downcast in appearance, pleaded in a firm voice. Counsel for the defence, in his plea for the prisoner, alluded to the prisoner's distinguished services in the Crimea and in Parliament, and undoubtedly won sympathy for the disgraced ex-naval officer. The Recorder, in sentencing Captain Verney, said that he had come to the conclusion, through the evidence given, that the case of Miss Nellie Beckett was not the only case of procuration in which the captain had been implicated, and therefore he could not lean toward the side of mercy so much as he could have done had it been an isolated case.

THE RIOT AT FOURMIES AND THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

PARIS, 3rd May.

The details of the labour trouble at Fourmies have immensely heightened the political importance of the incident. The fact that six women, several children and eight men were killed on the spot, while twenty were severely wounded, several of them fatally, gives the affair the character of a massacre. The soldiers were merely exposed to stone-throwing, but they replied with a succession of volleys from their rifles, inflicting frightful wounds on the victims. Houses exposed to the fire were riddled, and there is every sign of reckless and wanton inhumanity shown by the troops. Local, popular commotion is intense, and it finds response in the growing excitement in every working centre.

Fourmies to-night is practically in a state of siege. Cavalry patrol the streets and are everywhere greeted with yells of reprobation from excited groups of men and women. The tension of feeling may be judged from the fact that the military is hailed with cries of "Vive Prussia."

The funeral of the victims was fixed for to-day, but enormous numbers of workmen arriving from other industrial centres caused the Government to send for reinforcements and order the postponement of the funeral until to-morrow.

The Prefect to-day refused to receive a deputation asking for the removal of the regiment that fired upon the crowd.

The section of the Left and Socialist and Boulangist Deputies will join in demanding to-morrow a vote of censure against Constans, Minister of the Interior, as responsible for the slaughter. The majority of the Right and Left approves generally the measures of repression taken by Constans throughout the country, but will advocate an inquiry into the conduct of the troops at Fourmies.

PARIS, 4th May.

It was announced yesterday that a section of the Left would join with the Socialist and Boulangist Deputies in demanding a vote of censure to-day against M. Constans, the Minister of the Interior, on the ground that the latter is responsible for the slaughter of the men, women and children shot down by troops at Fourmies on Labour day.

M. Constans to-day, after replying in explanatory terms to the question as to the Fourmies affair and giving his version of the matter, holding that neither the Government nor the troops were to blame for the disaster, was astonished to see Roche, the Deputy representing the Seventeenth electoral district of the Seine, spring to his feet and shout fiercely: "Murderer." A tremendous sensation followed. Finally order was restored and the Chamber voted that Roche should be excluded from any further participation in to-day's session, and that he should be declared censured by the Chamber for the term he had applied to the Minister of the Interior.

No sooner was this action decided upon than Roche again sprang to his feet, and, shaking his fist at those of his associates who had been most active in bringing about his proposed expulsion and censure, the angry Deputy yelled: "You are a lot of varlets worthy of your master."

This was more than the presiding officer could submit to, so he ordered Roche to be removed by force from the Chamber. This eventually was done amid one of the wildest scenes ever witnessed in the Chamber of Deputies.

The Chamber then by a vote of 356 to 33 declared confidence in the Government.

PARIS, 5th May.

Emile Zola has censured the Government for causing the Fourmies disaster. He says that by its bombastic announcing armed preparations as if a revolution were imminent, the minds of the workmen were inflamed and the affair assumed great importance in the eyes of its organisers. If the meetings had been allowed to be held as in England nothing would have happened. The after effects will be still worse. The Government's action will rankle in the hearts of the people and cause the hatred of employers, and the pilgrimages made to the tombs of the victims will rekindle smouldering hate.

The debate in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday upon the Fourmies riots has considerably embittered the strikers, who have now increased their demands for higher wages. Renewed scenes of disorder are feared, and are probable in the near future should the demands of the strikers be refused.

The Minister of the Interior has allotted a sum of money for the relief of the families of those killed or wounded by the troops at the time of the riots of Mayday at Fourmies.

FOURMIES, 5th May.

Working men's delegates called to-day upon the Prefect and made a request that in view of the peaceful attitude of the inhabitants of Fourmies since labour day, and in order to avoid the possibility of any further trouble, the regiment of infantry which fired upon the populace on Mayday should be removed to some other part of France. The Prefect acceded to the request, saying he would recommend the Government to send the obnoxious regiment to some other part of France.

A HINT TO PRINCE BISMARCK.

DUSSELDORF, 4th May.

At a banquet this evening Emperor William, after dilating upon his desire for peace and the protection of the rights of labour and expressing satisfaction at the conclusion of a commercial treaty with Austria, said: "As to the home policy which is becoming established, I shall not deviate a hair's breadth from the course I have adopted. I alone am master in this country, and nobody else."

This emphatic language in regard to the treaty with Austria which Bismarck opposes, and also in regard to home affairs, was evidently directed at Prince Bismarck.

AUSTRO-GERMAN COMMERCIAL TREATY.

PARIS, 3rd May.

The movement of the German and Austrian Governments to isolate France commercially begins to alarm the French Ministers more seriously. Despatches from the French embassy at Vienna state that Germany has opened negotiations with Russia with a view to arranging for Russian co-operation in the projected commercial union. Concert with Russia at first sight appears impossible, but under the German-Austrian treaty provision is made to treat other powers reciprocally. Both countries can offer Russia the benefits of beneficial tariffs. Switzerland and Servia will send delegates to the Vienna Commercial Conference. Russia has been invited, but has not yet replied.

A significant semi-official note in to-day's *Fremdenblatt*, of Vienna, proclaims the wide economic and political bearing of the German Austrian treaty, and predicts that other powers will be forced to make similar arrangements. Even France, the note says, will find it impossible to remain isolated, and will be compelled to return to the treaty system.

LONDON, 3rd May.

The Austro-German treaty has been signed for a period of twelve years, beginning in February, 1892.

THE JEWS IN RUSSIA.

LONDON, 4th May.

The *Telegraph's* St. Petersburg correspondent says: Terrible scenes attended the Jewish expulsions, many Jews dying on the way. The misery in the Jewish settlements, which are crammed with new arrivals, is indescribable. All speeches and pamphlets in favour of the Jews are prohibited. The Government is considering a scheme to solve the Jewish question, which, if adopted, will astonish and perhaps shock the civilised world. An Odessa paper states that 50,000 Jews have joined the Greek and Lutheran churches since the issue of the expulsion decree. Each one embracing the orthodox faith receives a gratuity of 15 rubles.

The Moscow correspondent of the *Standard* dwells upon the utter disorganisation of business through the sudden expulsion of the Jews. All engaged in the various business agencies, the correspondent says, find it impossible to collect debts, and hundreds of bills are protested daily. The Judge of the Commercial Court has been obliged to telegraph to the Minister of Finance for instructions as to how to act in the emergency.

Many traders in the Jewish quarters are facing bankruptcy owing to the departure of the Jews, who only left their belongings to cover debts amounting to $650,000.

At St. Petersburg the synagogue has already been sold for $45,000. The new and unused synagogue in Moscow has been offered for sale, as it is useless in the face of the exodus.

A Moscow letter to the *Times* records the sacrifices made by Jewish emigrants. In many cases they have sold their belongings for the merest trifle, chairs being bought for twopence and beds for sixpence each. Many persons destroyed their goods in preference to selling them at a sacrifice. Many Russians declined to pay debts owed to the Jews. Heartrending scenes are witnessed daily in the synagogue, people weeping and praying to Jehovah to help them. Thousands of workmen are idle who hitherto have been employed by Jews. Foreign importers are keeping back goods on the frontier. It is reported that one Swiss silk firm has lost $40,000 in a single week.

The letter confirms the *Standard's* dispatch as to the business collapse. Neither Jews nor Gentiles are paying their debts. The correspondent declares it a shame that rich Jewish bankers are not touched by the Government's decrees, and yet do not appear to help their unfortunate brethren as they might.

The *Graphic* says it has Baron Hirsch's authority to deny that he has bought land in Pennsylvania for a Jewish colony. It says the scheme to devote £3,000,000 to assisting Jewish emigration is only in embryo.

At present the Baron is only assisting Jews to the Argentine Republic, although he is looking to other available colonies in South America for a large scheme of emigration which is undefined.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

NEW ORLEANS, 30th April.

The *Picayune's* Del Rio, Tex., specials tells of a Mexican "Jack the Ripper," who visited the house of a Mexican woman named Sanchez last night, killed her and cut her body in pieces. After the butchery he wrote upon the wall with her blood, "Fresh beef for sale." The butcher has not been captured.

PARIS, 30th April.

The newspapers of this city to-day announce that the French army on the German frontier will be exercised in the Ninth Military district, Department of Meurthe and Moselle. They will take up war positions along the frontier. The troops in Meurthe and Moselle will be reinforced by a large force of cavalry and infantry, brought together by the extensive mobilization of army reserves. The troops thus placed under arms will occupy all the vital positions which they would have to hold in an effort to repulse an invasion of German troops.

LONDON, 1st May.

In a letter published to-day Cardinal Manning again attacks the Parnellites, classing their actions as being suicidal and as being the greatest blow which Ireland's reviving hopes could receive.

There is trouble between Great Britain and Balmaceda's Government in Chile. Two officers proscribed by Balmaceda took refuge in the British Legation in Santiago. The Chilean troops demanded their surrender and the British Minister refused. The Foreign Office supports the Minister and has warned Balmaceda.

An extraordinary letter is printed from Mr. de Cobain, in which he defends himself against the charges made against him, and enters into a long explanation to show that a local Belfast clique has conspired to ruin him politically, financially and morally. It will not, however, prevent his expulsion from the Commons.

LONDON, 4th May.

A coterie of swells have formed a cabal to ostracise Lady Brooke, the young lady about whom there was so much gossip at the time of the Gordon-Cumming card scandal. She is a great favourite with the Prince of Wales, and jealousy is said to be one of the motives actuating some of her present antagonists. Lady Salisbury has espoused Lady Brooke's cause, and gives a dinner in her honour next week, an event which will probably break the cabal.

LONDON, 5th April.

Lord James Edward Sholto Douglas, brother of the Marquis of Queensberry, commited suicide to-day by cutting his throat with a razor. Lord Douglas had been traveling from Ireland during the night. He behaved in such a strange manner that the railroad officials, noticing he was apparently in a demented condition, ordered one of the company's employés to accompany him to London. Upon his arrival in this city Douglas put up at a hotel, and subsequently eluded his attendant and cut his throat.

A terrible affair is reported from Southport, a watering-place on the Irish sea, near Preston. Mr. Sawyer, a landlord, was attacked by an Italian named Cammino. The assault was sudden and apparently unprovoked. The Italian used a knife. Sawyer was unarmed, but defended himself the best he could with a chair, which was soon smashed in the struggle. He was succumbing under the strokes of his assailant when his wife and daughter rushed upon the scene and tried to rescue him. Cummino drew his revolver and fired upon all three, following up the shots with his knife, and then fled. The wife and daughter are dying. Sawyer cannot recover. The assassin has been captured.

PANAMA, 6th May.

Reports just received state that a revolutionary movement is in progress in Costa Rica, and that the President has declared a state of siege, and suspended personal guarantees on the 1st of May.

LONDON, 7th May.

The crew of the steamer *Skyo*, Sunderland, have just been landed at Portsmouth after an unusually exciting experience. Shortly after leaving Gibraltar the *Skyo* struck a stray torpedo, which exploded with such force as to blow a huge hole in her bottom and she quickly sank. The crew had barely time to take to the boats before the ship went down. They rowed towards the coast and being favoured by fair weather managed to reach Corcubion, about 50 miles from Cordova, the next day. From that point they were brought home by a passing vessel.

ST. PETERSBURG, 7th May.

At a fashionable restaurant on the Nevski Prospect last night, two groups sat at neighbouring tables, one composed of nine men of middle or advanced age, the other of 5 young men. The youths were noisy and finally the members of the more sedate party requested the youngsters to be quiet. All hands had been drinking and harsh words were at once exchanged, followed soon by blows. In the midst of the scuffle Eugene Johannson, son of a wealthy paper manufacturer of Revel, drew a revolver and fired three shots, instantly killing one of the elder men, the Baron Bruskewitz. The crowd which had been attracted by the quarrel were enraged at the murder of the Baron, who enjoyed the respect of the community to a marked degree. It was with some difficulty that the police succeeded in removing young Johannson safely and lodging him in prison.

LATE TELEGRAMS.

The following late telegrams are from the *Rangoon Gazette*:—

RIAZ PASHA RESIGNS.

CAIRO, 12th May.

Riaz Pasha, President of the Council of Ministers, has resigned owing to ill health.

FUNERAL OF MADAME BLAVATSKY.

LONDON, 12th May.

A number of Theosophists and several Hindoos were present at the cremation of the remains of Madame Blavatsky which took place at Woking Crematorium yesterday.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, 14th May.

The death is announced of Mr. Barbour, Gladstonian Liberal Member for Paisley.

RIOTING IN CORFU.

LONDON, 14th May.

News from Corfu states that anti-Jewish rioting has taken place and two Jews have been killed by the mob. British warships have been despatched to the scene of the disturbance.

NEWMARKET STAKES.

LONDON, 13th May.

The following is the result of the race for the Newmarket Stakes, which was run to-day:— Mimi, first; Melody, second; St. Simon of the Rock, third.

THE MANIPUR TRAGEDY.

LONDON, 13th May.

In the House of Lords last night, Lord Cross said that he had received a telegram from the Viceroy of India, in which His Excellency stated that there was no foundation for the report that he had offered a reward for the capture, dead or alive, of those concerned in the massacre at Manipur.

Baron de Worms, replying to a question in the House of Commons, said the Chief Commissioner of Burmah had issued a proclamation offering a reward for the capture of the Manipur Regent and the others, if they entered Burmah. The question of their subsequent trial would, he said, be subject to the decision of the Viceroy.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY, 29TH MAY.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON.—
- Telegraphic Transfer 3/1¼
- Bank Bills, on demand 3/1½
- Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight 3/1¾
- Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 3/2
- Credits, at 4 months' sight 3/2¼
- Documentary Bills, 4 months' sight 3/2¼

ON PARIS.—
- Bank Bills, on demand 3.95
- Credits, at 4 months' sight 4.04

ON GERMANY.—
- On demand 3.20
- after sight ....—

ON NEW YORK.—
- Bank Bills, on demand 76¼
- Credits, 60 days' sight 77¾

ON BOMBAY.—
- Telegraphic Transfer 221¼
- Bank, on demand 222

ON CALCUTTA.—
- Telegraphic Transfer 221¾
- Bank, on demand 222

ON SHANGHAI.—
- Bank, at sight 71¾
- Private, 30 days' sight 72¼

SOVEREIGNS, Bank's Buying Rate............6.28

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

COMPANY.	PAID UP.	QUOTATIONS.
Banks—		
Hongkong & S'hai.	$125	178
Do. New Issue	$125	176
Do. Old Cum New.		202 p. ct. pm.
China, Japan, &c.	£1.5	$16½, buyers
Do., Founders	£1	£170
New Oriental	£10	£18
Brown & Co., H. G.	$50	$61
Campbell, Moore & Co.	$10	$10, nom.
China Borneo	$55	$15, sellers
China Sugar	$100	$188, buyers
Chinese Loan '84 C.	$500	par, buyers
Chinese Loan '86 E.	Tls. 250	Tls. 277½
Cruickshank & Co.	$50	$40, nom.
Dairy Farm Co.	$10	$8
Fenwick & Co., Geo.	$25	$13, buyers
Gordon & Co., A. G.	$25	$10, nom.
Green Island Cement	$50	$19
H. Brick & Cement	$21.50	$15, nom.
H. & C. Bakery	$50	$75, nom.
Hongkong & C. Gas	£10	$120
Hongkong Electric	$8	$5
H. H. L. Tramways	$100	$70, sellers
Hongkong Ice	$25	$90, sellers
H. & K. Wharf & G.	$50	$80, buyers
H. Steam Laundry	$50	nom.
Hongkong Rope	$50	$126, sellers
H. & W. Dock	$125	$103 p. ct. pm. sales
Hotels—		
Austin Arms	$50	$12, nom.
Hongkong Hotel	$50	$65, nom.
Peak Hotel	$50	$10, sellers
Shameen	$15	$10, nom.
Insurances—		
Canton	$50	$115, sellers
China Fire	$20	$81, sales
China Traders'	$25	$63, sellers
Hongkong Fire	$50	$310, sales
North China	£50	Tls. 260
Singapore	$20	$8, buyers
Straits Fire	$20	$15
Straits Marine	$20	$15
Union	$25	$96
Yangtsze	$100	$83, nom.
Labuk Planting	$50	$30, sellers
Land & Building—		
H. Land Investm't	$50	$86, sellers
Kowloon Land Inv.	$30	$17
Peak Building	$18	nom.
Humphreys Estate	$100	$200, nom.
West Point Buildg.	$40	$30
Luzon Sugar	$100	$60, sellers
Mining—		
Balmoral Gold	$10	$5, sellers
Charbonnages	$131.58	$350
Inuris	$6.31	$11, sellers
Jelebu	$5	$2.20, sellers
Punjom	$10	$5, sellers
Raubs	17s. 9d.	80 cts. sellers
Selama	$5	$2, sellers
Do.	$5	$1, sellers
Steamship Coys.—		
China & Manila	$50	$120, sellers
Douglas S.S. Co.	$50	$48
H., Canton, & M.	$20	$30, buyers
Indo-China S. N.	£10	27½ p. ct. dis.
Steam Launch	$30	$30, nom.
Watson & Co., A. S.	$10	$10½, buyers

E. & S. COXON,
Share Brokers.

OPIUM.

	Per Picul.	Allow'ce.
This year's New Malwa	$490	4½ cat's.
Last year's New Malwa	$500	½ to 1½ „
Old Malwa	$510	1 to 1½ „
Older Malwa	$530	½ to 4 „
Oldest Malwa	$550	½ to 2 „
Patna (New)	$490 to $495	per chest
Patna (Old)	$485	„ „
Benares (New)	$485	„ „
Benares (Old)	$456½	„ „

THE WEATHER.

MESSRS. FALCONER & CO.'S REGISTER, MAY 29TH

Barometer 9 A.M.	29.76	Therm. 9 A.M. (Wet bulb)	77
Barometer 1 P.M.	29.72	Therm. 1 P.M. (Wet bulb)	77
Barometer 4 P.M.	29.70	Therm. 4 P.M. (Wet bulb)	77
Thermom. 9 A.M.	79	Therm. Maximum	81
Thermom. 1 P.M.	80	Therm. Minimum (over night)	80
Thermom. 4 P.M.	80		

METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

28TH MAY, AT 4 P.M.

STATION.	Barometer red. to sea level and 32° Fahr.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Force.	Weather.	Rain last 24 hours
Wladivostock	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tokio	29.61	—	—	NE	3	—	—
Nagasaki	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shanghai	29.73	68	74	ENE	4	o	—
Foochow	29.67	83	94	SW	3	o	—
Amoy	29.76	83	87	SE	5	o	—
Anping	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swatow	29.70	86	—	SSW	4	o	—
Hongkong	29.67	85	76	SSW	4	o	—
Victoria Peak	—	—	—	SW	5	—	—
Canton	29.69	86	70	S	2	o	—
Macao	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hoihow	29.78	85	—	S	2	—	—
Haiphong	29.83	—	—	ESE	2	b	—
Bolinao	29.84	90	70	W	2	c	—
Manila	29.77	89	71	SSW	6	b	—
Cape S. James	—	—	—	SE	3	b	—
29TH MAY, AT 10 A.M.							
Wladivostock	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tokio	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nagasaki	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shanghai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Foochow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Amoy	29.89	71	95	NE	3	or	0.39
Anping	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swatow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hongkong	29.75	76	97	—	0	ortl	0.74
Victoria Peak	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canton	29.76	84	73	NE	1	ortl	—
Macao	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hoihow	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Haiphong	29.70	91	70	—	—	c	—
Bolinao	29.90	83	73	WNW	2	ortl	0.30
Manila	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cape S. James	—	—	—	SW	2	b	—

Barometer falling. Gradients moderate for S.E. winds Weather wet and cool with thunderstorms. (Issued at 11.50 a.m.)

HONGKONG REGISTER.

	Previous day 4 p.m.	On date at 10 a.m.	On date at 4 p.m.
Barometer	29.67	29.75	29.70
Temperature	85	76	76
Humidity	76	97	98
Direction of wind	S.S.W.	—	—
Force	4	0	0
Weather	c.	ortl	odt.
Rain	—	0.75	—

Highest open air temperature on the 28th............88
Lowest open air temperature on the 28th............81

1—BAROMETER reduced to 32 degrees Fahr. at sea level.
2—TEMPERATURE in the shade in degrees Fahrenheit.
3—HUMIDITY in percentage of saturation, the humidity air saturated with moisture being 100.
4—DIRECTION OF THE WIND to two points.
5—FORCE OF THE WIND according to Beaufort Scale.
6—STATE OF THE WEATHER: b. blue sky; c. detached clouds; d. drizzling rain; f. fog; g. gloomy; h. hail; l. lightning; o. overcast; p. passing showers; q. squally rain; s. snow; t. thunder; v. visibility; w. dew (wet).

W. DOBERCK.

Hongkong Observatory, May 29th, 1891.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

The German steamer *Doris*, from Newchwang, and Chefoo 22nd May, had light winds, smooth sea, with occasional rain and foggy weather.

The British steamer *Palinurus*, from Liverpool 15th April, and Singapore 23rd May, had light variable winds and fine weather to Paracels Islands; from thence to port moderate S.W. winds and fine weather.

The British steamer *China*, from San Francisco, and Yokohama 24th May, had fine weather to Osima; moderate N.W. winds with heavy rain to Towi; strong N.W. gale to middle of Eastern Sea; strong S.W. monsoon down Formosa Channel to Lamock; very hazy weather thence to port; moderate winds and hazy weather at 10 o'clock, anchored outside Lyeemoon Pass, thick heavy rain.

The British steamer *Hailoong*, from Tamsui 23rd May, Amoy 24th, and Swatow 28th, had light variable winds and thick fog between Tamsui and Amoy. From Amoy to Swatow had moderate variable breezes and cloudy weather. From Swatow to port fresh S.W. wind with moderate sea and cloudy weather.

AMOY SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May—
23, Chintung, Chinese str., from Shanghai.
23, Namoa, British str., from Foochow.
23, Newchwang, British str., from N'chwang.
23, Whampoa, British str., from Swatow.
24, Frithjof Nansen, Nor str., from Swatow.
24, Formosa, British str., from Hongkong.
24, Hailoong, British str., from Tamsui.

DEPARTURES.

May—
22, Zafiro, British str., for Manila.
23, Cygnet, British bark, for Foochow.
23, Cheang Hock Kian, British str., for Straits.
23, Namoa, British str., for Swatow.
24, Laju, British str., for Straits.
24, Basuto, British bark, for Taiwanfoo.
25, Formosa, British str., for Tamsui.

SHANGHAI SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May—
23, Hae-shin, Chinese str., from Foochow.
23, Chungking, British str., from Tientsin.
23, Nierstein, German str., from Nagasaki.
23, Baikal, Russian str., from Nagasaki.
24, Fooksang, British str., from Swatow.
24, Lienshing, British str., from N'chwang.
24, Taku, British str., from Newchwang.
24, Hangchow, British str., from Swatow.
24, Fungshun, Chinese str., from Chefoo.
24, Kungpai, Chinese str., from Tientsin.
24, Laertes, British str., from Liverpool.
24, Kara, British str., from Batoum.
24, Moray, British str., from Liverpool.
24, Oxus, French str., from Hongkong.
24, Wolf, German g-bt., from Kelung.
24, Porpoise, British cruiser, from Hongkong.
24, Peacock, British g-bt., from Hongkong.
24, Poo-chi, Chinese str., from Tientsin.
24, Tsukushi Maru, Jap. str., from K'chinotzu.
25, Oanfa, British str., from Japan.
25, Peking, German str., from Hongkong.
25, Polyphemus, British str., from Glasgow.
25, Feiching, British str., from Chefoo.
25, Wuchang, British str., from Newchwang.
25, Pakling, British str., from Antwerp.
25, Pechili, British str., from Tientsin.
25, Tamsui, British str., from Tientsin.

DEPARTURES.

May—
23, Thames, British str., for London.
23, Kobe Maru, Japanese str., for Japan.
23, Hsin-yu, Chinese str., for Tientsin.
23, Woosung, British str., for Chefoo.
23, Ingo, German str., for Tientsin.
23, Hideyoshi Maru, Jap. str., for K'notzu.
24, Yung-ching, Chinese str., for Chefoo.
24, Choysang, British str., for Chinkiang.
24, Chungking, British str., for Tientsin.
24, Fushun, Chinese str., for Hongkong.
24, Ardgay, British str., for Chinkiang.
24, Porle, British bark, for Tientsin.
24, Glenorchy, British str., for London.
25, Oxus, French str., for Kobe.
25, Store Nordiske, Danish str., for H'kong.
25, Porpoise, British cruiser, for Tientsin.
25, Alacrity, British d-v., for Taku.
25, Ping Ching, Chinese R.C., for a cruise.

"THEY DROPPED OFF—POISONED BY MY BLOOD."

There is more or less of an impression upon the minds of some people that statements as to the merits and effects of popular medicines should be received with a degree of allowance. That is to say, people are apt to think the proprietors of these articles often enlarge upon and exaggerate the real facts in order to create a demand for what they have to sell. We are inclined to believe this is seldom the case, as the intelligent persons who own those medicines are aware that any sort of over-statement tends to injure their sales rather than to increase them. The public are sure to form a correct judgment as to the value of an advertised article, and any false claims for it are certain to be recognised and denounced. Honesty is the best policy in this as in all other cases.

Therefore the reader need not hesitate to accept as true any announcements of which the following is an example:—

[COPY.]

"I, Thirza Daniels, of Wrafton, nr. Barnstaple, do solemnly and sincerely declare as follows:—

"I was always a strong, healthy woman up to the early part of 1879, when I began to be troubled with my liver and stomach. In July of that year I took a chill from sitting on some wet grass, and this brought on sciatica and rheumatism. I had dreadful pain in my hips and legs; it was like knives cutting through me. My appetite left me, and what little I did eat gave me great pain in the stomach and chest. I had a bad taste in the mouth, and pains in the sides and between the shoulders. Finally I got so weak I had to bring home my eldest daughter from service to look after the house and my four children. For several months I went on in this way. At first I doctored myself, rubbing my joints with a rubbing bottle and poulticing. Then I sent for the doctor and he said my blood was poisoned. He blistered me and gave me medicine. I was under his care for five months, but I got weaker all the time and went thin as a skeleton. The pain whilst in bed was very severe, I could scarcely bear it, and I turned and turned, but could not find an easy place. Sometimes I was lifted to the floor, and lay there to see if any ease could be got. I became so bad I sent for a doctor from Braunton, but as I got no better, my husband got a recommendation from the late Colonel Harding, of Upcott, and I attended at the dispensary at Barnstaple four months, and then went as an indoor patient in the Barnstaple infirmary, and was treated by two doctors. They agreed it was blood poisoning, and talked of performing an operation on my thigh, but concluded not to do it, saying I was too weak. They blistered me again, and no relief from this, they applied leeches, but as fast as the leeches were put on they dropped off, poisoned by my blood. I was so low-spirited in the hospital that I felt if I did not get home I should die soon, so they made arrangements to take me away. When I got in the open air my senses left me, and they thought I was dying. After reaching home I was in great agony, and sent my husband for our doctor. He said he would come, but it was of no use, as he could do no more than he had done. I lay for weeks, and was so bad that when people spoke to me I had not the strength to reply. At this time my nephew, Robert Daniels, of Pontypridd, sent us word to try Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, as it had worked wonderful cures in the district where he lived. So my husband went to Mr. Farley's, the grocer, High Street, Barnstaple, and bought a bottle. Before I had taken all of that bottle, I could eat, and my food seemed to do me good. By degrees I got stronger and stronger, and after taking fourteen bottles I was strong and healthy. My flesh came on, and all pain left my thigh and legs, and I have never ailed anything to speak of since. I thank God for making Seigel's Syrup known to me. I owe my life to it, and I wish others to know what I say. I consider it the Lord's doing, and I will be glad to answer any inquiries.

"And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, by virtue of provisions of the Statutory Declaration Act, 1835 (5 and 6 William IV., c. 62).

"(Signed) THIRZA DANIELS.

"Declared before me, at the Guildhall at Barnstaple, in the County of Devon, by the said Thirza Daniels, on Tuesday, the 21st day of October, 1890. SEAL.

"(Signed) RD. ASHTON,
"*Deputy Mayor of the Borough of Barnstaple.*"

864—3

KEATING'S INSECT POWDER.

BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, and all other Insects, are destroyed by KEATING'S INSECT POWDER, which is quite harmless to Domestic Animals. In exterminating Beetles the success of this Powder is extraordinary, and no one need be troubled by those pests. It is perfectly clean in application. Ask for, and take no other than "KEATING'S POWDER," as imitations are noxious, and fail in giving satisfaction. Sold by all Chemists, in Tins and Bottles. [1106

PRIVATE BOARD & RESIDENCE.

MRS. FALCONER has vacancies for Gentlemen Resident Boarders at Kowloon.
Hongkong, 10th January, 1890. [161

1891 MAIL TABLES 1891

NOW READY, at *Daily Press* Office or the Booksellers. Price, 20 cents on Cards, 10 cents on Paper. Cash only.
Hongkong, 3rd February, 1891. [344

INSURANCES

TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

SIEMSSEN & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1872. [16

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.
CAPITAL (SUBSCRIBED), $1,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
LUM SIN SANG, Esq.
BAN HUP, Esq. | YOW CHONG PENG, Esq.
CHAN LI CHOY Esq. | Q. HOI CHUNE, Esq.

The Company GRANTS POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World, payable at any of its Agencies.

Contributory Dividends are payable to all Contributors of Business, whether they are Shareholders or not.

WOO LIN YUEN, Secretary.
HEAD OFFICE,
No 2, Queen's Road West,
Hongkong, 14th March, 1881. [693

NOTICE.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

NORTON & Co., Agents.
Hongkong 16th July, 1887. [83

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED,
ESTABLISHED 1870.
HEAD OFFICE,—Hongkong.
CAPITAL TWO MILLION DOLLARS.
PAID-UP CAPITAL ....$ 400,000
RESERVE FUND 748,500
CLAIMS PAID 848,000
BONUSES PAID 463,000

RISKS accepted at CURRENT RATES OF PREMIA.

JAS. B. COUGHTRIE, Secretary.
Hongkong, 15th April, 1891. [910

THE NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT INSURANCES to the extent of $100,000, on first-class risks at current rates.

DUNN, MELBYE & Co.
Hongkong, 16th February, 1889. [18

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF 1877 IN HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS, against FIRE at Current Rates.

REUTER, BRÖCKELMANN & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1889. [213

PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE.

The Undersigned are now prepared to GRANT POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE at Current Rates.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
Agents for the Phœnix Fire Office.
Hongkong, 17th August, 1887. [17

GENERAL LIFE AND FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY IN LONDON.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE and LIFE at Current Rates.

REUTER, BRÖCKELMANN & Co.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1889. [840

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 15th November, 1890. [2433

TO LET

TO LET.

HOUSE No. 8, BOA VISTA, MACAO, two minutes' walk from the New Hotel.
Apply to J. A. DE CARVALHO.
Hongkong, 18th May, 1891. [1228

TO BE LET.

AN exceedingly comfortable and cool Six-Roomed HOUSE.
Apply to The Secretary, HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Hongkong, 21st May, 1891. [1805

TO LET.
FROM 15TH MAY.

THE FIRST and GROUND FLOOR of No. 10, PRAYA EAST, hitherto occupied by the German Consulate.
Apply to MEYER & Co.
Hongkong, 20th May, 1891. [1117

TO LET.
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

A LARGE, DRY, and SPACIOUS GODOWN, PRAYA EAST, WANCHAI.
Apply to N. MODY & Co.
Hongkong, 9th May, 1891. [1164

TO LET.

NO. 2, WOODLANDS TERRACE.
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 23rd May, 1891. [1281

TO LET.

BAHAR LODGE, THE PEAK.
R. B. LOT No. 59.

THIS DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, with Gas laid on, to be Let, Furnished or Unfurnished.
Apply HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY Co., LD.
Hongkong, 13th May, 1891. [1190

TO BE LET,
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

NO. 8, MOSQUE STREET. Gas and Water laid on.
Apply to F. S. DE SOUZA, 2, Rodnazela Terrace.
Hongkong, 6th May, 1891. [1135

TO LET.

DESIRABLE OFFICE on FIRST or SECOND FLOOR, and GODOWNS, No. 13, PRAYA CENTRAL.
Apply to STOLTERFOHT & HIRST.
Hongkong, 22nd May, 1891. [1276

KOWLOON—KIMBERLEY VILLAS.

TO LET.

TWO BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED HOUSES near the OBSERVATORY. Rent moderate.
WEST END TERRACE (CAINE ROAD).
Two FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES.
Apply to SPANISH PROCURATION.
Hongkong, 9th May, 1891. [1165

TO LET.
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

OFFICES above Messrs. DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.'s Premises.
Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY Co., LD.
Hongkong, 31st December, 1890. [68

TO BE LET.

TO LET,
TOGETHER OR SUBDIVIDED, FROM 1ST JUNE NEXT.

HOUSE No. 5, CHANCERY LANE, with 10 Rooms and Bath Rooms. Two separate entrances.
Apply to J. M. V. DE FIGUEIREDO, No. 5, Caine Road.
Hongkong, 4th May, 1891. [1118

TO LET.

HOUSE No. 25, CAINE ROAD, the whole by flats, or single rooms.
ALSO
STORE, No. 2, PEDDER STREET. Suitable for Office.
Apply to A. HAHN, No. 2, Pedder St.
Hongkong, 21st May, 1891. [1218

TO LET,
FROM THE 1ST JULY.

FIVE ROOMS on the Upper Floor of the ICE COMPANY'S PREMISES in ICE-HOUSE LANE.
ALSO NOW VACANT.
3 LARGE OFFICES on the First Floor, and 1 GODOWN on the Ground Floor.
Apply to the Manager at the Depot, or to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1891. [1094

TO BE LET.

HOUSES at MOUNTAIN VIEW, near Plunkett's Gap, Hill District, consisting of 5 or 6 Large Dwelling Rooms with every convenience. These houses overlook both sides of the island, are cool, comfortable, and healthy.
Apply to JOHN A. JUPP, Secretary, THE AUSTIN ARMS HOTEL AND BUILDING COMPANY, LD.
Hongkong, 27th May, 1891. [1538

TO LET.

NO. 9, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
OFFICES & CHAMBERS in CONNAUGHT HOUSE, Queen's Road Central.
OFFICES in VICTORIA BUILDINGS.
No. 4, OLD BAILEY STREET.
No. 11, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
No. 2, PEDDER'S HILL.
No. 13, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
HOUSE in POKFOOLUM ROAD, "Nullah Side."
Apply to DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, 2nd May, 1891. [45

THE KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

TO LET,
KNUTSFORD TERRACE.
KOWLOON.

HOUSES with 5 Rooms, including Bath-Rooms. Tennis Courts. Good view and healthy situation. Rent and Taxes $32 a month.
Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.
Hongkong, 25th March, 1891. [780

TO LET.

PART of HOUSE at EAST POINT, with Bath-Room attached.
Apply to MORE & SEIMUND.
Hongkong, 15th May, 1891. [1210

TO LET.

GODOWN, 50A, PRAYA EAST. Rent $40.
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 9th May, 1891. [1169

TO LET.
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE FIRST and SECOND FLOORS of No. 18, PRAYA CENTRAL, splendidly suited for SHIPPING OFFICES, having a commanding view over the entire Harbour.
Apply to the MANAGER, CARMICHAEL & Co., LIMITED, 18, Praya Central.
Hongkong, 16th March, 1891. [697

TO LET,
POSSESSION 1ST APRIL, 1891.

WESTBOURNE VILLA, NORTH. Cheap Rental.
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 2nd March, 1891. [575

TO LET,
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

NO. 8, UPPER MOSQUE TERRACE.
POSSESSION 1ST MAY.
Corner house No. 5, UPPER MOSQUE TERRACE.
The above all have Gas and Water laid on. Moderate rentals.
Apply to 4a UPPER MOSQUE TERRACE.
Hongkong, 14th April, 1891. [805

TO BE LET.

ROSE VILLAS WEST, BONHAM and ROBINSON ROADS, Furnished, with Tennis Lawn. From 1st May next.
A GODOWN at WEST POINT.
"BISNEE VILLA," POKFOLUM.
"THE HOMESTEAD,"—Mount Kellett—Furnished.
Apply to SHARP & Co., Telegraph House.
Hongkong, 13th March, 1891. [46

THE PEAK BUILDING Co., LIMITED.

TO LET.

SEVEN FIVE-ROOMED HOUSES Nos. 2 to 8, STEWART TERRACE, near Peak Church. Gas laid on.
Apply to the SECRETARY, at Office, 58, Queen's Road Central.
Hongkong, 27th February, 1891. [50

TO LET.

NO. 4, WEST TERRACE. Entry 1st MARCH.
Apply to G. C. ANDERSON, 18, Praya Central.
Hongkong, 5th February, 1891. [357

TO LET.
With Immediate Possession.

GODOWN No. 476, in MATHESON STREET, WANCHAI.
Apply to EDUARD SCHELLHASS & Co.
Hongkong, 22nd October, 1890. [56

TO LET,
Possession 1st January, 1891.

DESIRABLE FIVE ROOMED RESIDENCE, STOWFORD, Bonham Road.
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 3rd November, 1890. [57

TO LET.

TOP FLOOR of CITY CLUB (late Masonic Club, Ld.) Two Large, well lit Rooms, suitable for Offices or Dwelling Rooms; Moderate Rental.
Apply to THE SECRETARY, City Club.
Hongkong, 21st March, 1891. [740

TO LET.

CRAIGELLACHIE, 8, BONHAM ROAD.
Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Hongkong, 21st August, 1890. [51

HONGKONG WHARF & GODOWNS

Goods received on STORAGE at Moderate Rates, in First-class Godowns.
STEAMER CARGOES discharged on favourable terms.
Apply to MEYER & Co.
Hongkong, 2nd July, 1887. [1517

BANKS.

THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ....£2,000,000.
PAID UP ....£ 580,000.

LONDON:
Head Office........40, THREADNEEDLE STREET,
West End Office, 25, COCKSPUR STREET.

BRANCHES IN INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN AND THE COLONIES.

THE BANK receives money on Deposit, Buys and Sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, forwards Bills for Collection, and Transacts Banking and Agency Business generally on terms to be had on application.

Interest allowed on Deposits:—
Fixed for 12 months, 5 per Cent. per Annum.
Fixed for 6 months, 4 per Cent. per Annum.
Fixed for 3 months, 3 per Cent. per Annum.
On Current Deposit Accounts 2 per Cent. per Annum on the daily balance.

E. W. RUTTER, Manager.
Hongkong, 12th March, 1887. [12

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL $9,296,677.07
RESERVE FUND $6,806,596.31
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $9,296,677.07

COURT OF DIRECTORS:—
J. S. MOSES, Esq.—Chairman.
S. C. MICHAELSEN, Esq.—Deputy Chairman.
H. L. Dalrymple, Esq. | Hon. J. J. Keswick.
T. E. Davies, Esq. | Alex. McConachie, Esq.
C. J. Holliday, Esq. | L. Poesnecker, Esq.
H. Hoppius, Esq. | D. R. Sassoon, Esq.

ACTING CHIEF MANAGER.
Hongkong—F. DE BOVIS, Esq.
MANAGER.
Shanghai—JOHN WALTER, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANK.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per Annum on the daily balance.
On Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months 3 per Cent. per Annum.
For 6 months 4 per Cent. per Annum.
For 12 months 5 per Cent. per Annum.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

F. DE BOVIS, Acting Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 11th March, 1891. [10

NOTICE.

RULES OF THE HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

1.—The business of the above Bank will be conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on their premises in Hongkong. Business hours on week-days, 10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 1.

2.—Sums less than $1, or more than $250 at one time will not be received. No depositor may deposit more than $2,500 in any one year.

3.—Depositors in the Savings Bank having $100 or more at their credit may at their option transfer the same to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on fixed deposit for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum interest.

4.—Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum will be allowed to Depositors on their daily balance.

5.—Each Depositor will be supplied gratis with a Pass-Book, which must be presented with each payment or withdrawal. Depositors must not make any entries themselves in their Pass-Books, but should send them to be written up at least twice a year, about the beginning of January and beginning of July.

6.—Correspondence as to the business of the Bank if marked ON HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK BUSINESS is forwarded free by the various British Post Offices in Hongkong and China.

7.—Withdrawals may be made on demand, but the personal attendance of the Depositor or his duly appointed Agent, and the production of his Pass-Book are necessary.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
F. DE BOVIS, Acting Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1891. [11

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.

JULES MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE, Qts. $20 & Pts. $21.
DUBOS FRÈRES & DE GERNON & Co.'s BORDEAUX CLARETS, AND WHITE WINES.
CHAU. LEOVILLE, at $23 per Case of 1 doz.
CHAU. MARGAUX, at $28 „ 1 „
BAXTER'S "BARLEY BREE," (Celebrated 7 years' Old WHISKY, at $8.25 per Case of 1 doz.
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
Hongkong, 10th November, 1888. [26

FOR SALE.

CHAMPAGNE "MONOPOLE." —HEIDSIECK & Co.—
MONOPOLE RED SEAL (medium dry).
Do. "sec" RED FOIL } (dry).
Do. GOLD FOIL }
DRY Do. do. (extra dry).
CARLOWITZ & Co., Sole Agents for HEIDSIECK & Co., REIMS, For Hongkong, China, and Japan.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1885. [1516

FOR SALE.

CHAS. HEIDSIECK'S CHAMPAGNE, 1880 WHITE SEAL.
$22............ per case of 1 dozen quarts.
$23............ per case of 2 dozen pints.
PAUL DUBOIS & Co.'s CLARET, GRAND VIN LEOVILLE.
$25............ per case of 1 dozen quarts.
CLARET, CHATEAU LAROSE.
$13............ per case of 1 dozen quarts.
$14............ per case of 2 dozen pints.
PONTET CANET.
$9.50............ per case of 1 dozen quarts.
PALMER MARGAUX.
$7.50............ per case of 1 dozen quarts.
$8.50............ per case of 2 dozen pints.
LORMONT.
$5............ per case of 1 dozen quarts.
JOHN WALKER & SONS' OLD HIGHLAND WHISKEY.
$8............ per case of 1 dozen bottles.
ALSO,
CUTLER PALMER & Co.'s WINES AND SPIRITS.
SIEMSSEN & Co.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1884. [25

NOW READY

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY FOR CHINA, JAPAN, STRAITS, &c., FOR 1891,
With which is incorporated THE CHINA DIRECTORY.
(TWENTY-NINTH ANNUAL ISSUE),
COMPLETE, WITH APPENDIX, PLANS, &c., &c., Royal 8vo. p.p. 1,100......$5.00.
SMALLER EDITION, Royal 8vo. p.p. 760......$3.00.

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY has been thoroughly revised and greatly enlarged. It is re-arranged on a New plan, much more convenient for reference, and is printed from New Type on thicker paper than last issue.
Daily Press Office, January, 1891.

THE CHUNG NGOI SAN PO (Chinese *Daily Press*), PUBLISHED DAILY,
Is the best medium for Advertising among the Native Community.

It has been established upwards of TWENTY FIVE YEARS, and enjoys the largest circulation of any Chinese paper in Southern China. It is carefully edited by an experienced Chinese Scholar, and contains FULL and RELIABLE COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Terms for Advertising can be obtained at the Office, Wyndham Street, Hongkong; or from the different Agents.

VESSELS EXPECTED.

THE FRENCH MAIL.

The M. M. steamer *Caledonien*, with the French Mail of 1st May, left Singapore on Thursday, the 28th inst., 6 a.m., and may be expected here on or about Wednesday, the 3rd prox. This packet brings replies to letters despatched from Hongkong on 25th March.

MERCHANT STEAMERS.

The P. & O. steamer *Brindisi* left Singapore at 10 a.m. on the 25th, and is due here on the 31st inst.

The steamer *Sussex*, from Portland, left Nagasaki at 6 p.m. on the 27th and is due on the 31st inst.

The Glen Line steamer *Glenavon* left Singapore on the morning of the 27th May and is due on the 2nd June.

The steamer *Thorndale* left Singapore on the 27th May and is due here on the 3rd June.

The P. & O. steamer *Thibet* left Bombay at 2 p.m. on the 22nd inst.

The China Mutual steamer *Ningchow* passed the Canal on the 28th inst.

The P. & O. steamer *Gwalior* left Bombay on the afternoon of the 28th inst.

POST-OFFICE NOTICES.

PEAK DELIVERY closes at Post Office at 11.30 a.m. and 3 p.m., or in Letter Boxes in the Cars by 12 and 3.30 o'clock Trams. Letter Boxes at Peak will be cleared at 12.30 and 4 p.m.

The Postal Guide for 1891, revised to date will be found in the *Chronicle and Directory* p. XXVI. This is the only authorised complete Summary of Postal information published in Hongkong.

☞ The authorised List of Mails issued in connection with this paper is the one published twice each day in our Extra, which is corrected to a much later hour than that given below.

A MAIL WILL CLOSE.

For Swatow, Singapore, and Bangkok.—Per *Menghut*, to-day, the 30th inst., at 9.30 A.M.

For Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.—Per *Ancona*, to-day, the 30th inst., at 11.30 A.M.

For Straits and Calcutta.—Per *Kutsang*, to-day, the 30th inst., at 11.30 A.M.

For Singapore.—Per *Decima*, to-day, the 30th inst., at 1.30 P.M.

For Amoy and Manila.—Per *Diamante*, to-day, the 30th inst., at 3.30 P.M.

For Hoihow and Pakhoi.—Per *Alwine*, to-day, the 30th inst., at 5.00 P.M.

For Haiphong.—Per *Activ*, to-day, the 30th inst., at 5.00 P.M.

For Swatow, Amoy, and Tamsui.—Per *Hailoong*, to-day, the 30th inst., at 5.00 P.M.

For Swatow and Shanghai.—Per *Canton*, to-morrow, the 31st inst., at 9.00 A.M.

For Canton.—Per *Powan*, to-morrow, the 31st inst., at 9.00 A.M.

For Haiphong.—Per *Delia*, on Monday, the 1st June, at 7.30 A.M.

For Amoy and Manila.—Per *Don Juan*, on Monday, the 1st June, at 3.30 P.M.

For Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, and Vancouver, B.C.—Per *Empress of Japan*, on Tuesday, the 2nd June, at 11.30 A.M.

For Straits and Calcutta.—Per *Japan*, on Tuesday, the 2nd June, at 11.30 A.M.

For Straits and Bombay.—Per *Bisagno*, on Thursday, the 4th June, at 11.30 A.M.

MAILS BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET.

The United States Mail Packet *Gaelic* will be despatched on SATURDAY, the 30th inst., with Mails for Japan, San Francisco, the United States, Canada, Honolulu, Peru, &c., which will be closed as follows:—
0.15 P.M., Registry ceases.
0.30 P.M., Post Office closes, but Correspondence may be posted on board the Packet with Late Fee of 10 cents extra Postage until the time of departure.

The Post Office declines all responsibility for Unregistered Letters containing Bank Notes, Coin, or Jewellery, and, where Registration has been neglected, will make no enquiries into alleged losses of such letters.

FOR SALE, CHEAP.

2 CYLINDRICAL TUBULAR BOILERS, 150 indicated H.P. each, and tested to 150 lbs. to the square inch; they are 16 feet long by 6 feet in diameter, double FURNACES, and 116—2½ in. Tubes, weight about 8 Tons each; they have been built at H. M.'s Naval Yard, Hongkong. 2 CORNISH BOILERS, 16 feet long by 5 feet 10 inches in diameter, fitted with 4 Galoway Tubes each, and are about 60 indicated H.P. each. 1—12 H.P. CORNISH BOILER and HORIZONTAL DRIVING ENGINE. 5—4 H.P. Horizontal Driving Engines. 1 Large, extra heavy, loose bed LATHE, 18inch centre, weight about 9 Tons. 1 LATHE, 10½in. centre; 1 Slotting MACHINE, 10in. stroke. 1 SHAPING MACHINE 12in. stroke. 1 Double SHAPING MACHINE, 10in. stroke, 8ft. bed. 1 Powerful Steam PUMP. 1 Vertical BOILER, and Horizontal ENGINE, 6 indicated H.P. 1 Diagonal and 2 Horizontal STEAM WINCHES, cylinders 7in. in dia. by 12in. stroke. 9 Boxes TAPS and DIES, various sizes. 6 Steam Donkey PUMPS; 4 ship's Deck Force PUMPS; 2 Small FIRE ENGINES, mounted on carriages. 22 Sets Weston Patent BLOCKS and CHAINS complete to lift from 1 to 6 Tons, 5 Punching BEARS, 9 single and double purchase crab WINCHES to lift from 3 to 9 Tons, 10 HYDRAULIC JACKS to lift from 6 to 20 Tons. 1 Large Hand Power DRIVING WHEEL, with shafting and pulleys. 1 Hand Power RICE SHELLING MACHINE. 3 Hand Power Steel FLOUR MILLS. 2,000 feet 2½in. Water PIPE; and the complete plant of Powerful Laundry MACHINERY that formerly belonged to the Hongkong Steam Laundry Co.

For any further particulars apply to the Machinery Godown, No. 3 Cross Lane, Wanchai, near No. 2 Police Station.
Hongkong, 8th November, 1890. [1468

A FONG, PHOTOGRAPHER Has just added to his COLLECTION of VIEWS some NEW SCENES and Photos. of NATIVE TYPES, copies of which are obtainable in his Studio or at Messrs. KELLY & WALSH'S.

IVORY MINIATURES of Superior Quality and of Excellent and High Finish. PERMANENT ENLARGEMENTS of PHOTOS. and VIEWS and reproductions of the same on Paper, Canvas, or Opal.

INSTANTANEOUS VIEWS, GROUPS and PORTRAITS are taken in any state of the weather, and all Permanent Processes, are executed on Moderate Terms.
STUDIO—ICE HOUSE LANE. [81

NOTICE.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHIPMASTERS AND ENGINEERS are respectfully informed that, if upon their arrival in this Harbour, none of the Company's Foremen should be at hand, orders for repairs if sent to the HEAD OFFICE, No. 14, Praya Central, will receive prompt attention.

In the event of complaints being found necessary, communication with the Undersigned is requested, when immediate steps will be taken to rectify the cause of dissatisfaction.

D. GILLIES, Secretary.
Hongkong, 26th August, 1885. [33

BOOKBINDING, by European methods, with the best materials, and under European supervision at THE "DAILY PRESS" OFFICE. Always pronounced equal to home work and *prices very moderate.*

NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS.

Neither the CAPTAINS, the AGENTS, nor the OWNERS, will be RESPONSIBLE for any DEBT contracted by the Officers or the Crews of the following Vessels during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:—

BENALDER, Brit. str., McIntosh—Gibb, Livingston & Co.
BENLARIG, Brit. str., Le Boutellier—Gibb, Livingston & Co.
COLUMBUS, Ger. ship, L. Hesseloop—Melchers & Co.
EMPRESS OF INDIA, Brit. str., Marshall—Dodwell, Carlill & Co.
EMPRESS OF JAPAN, Brit. str., G. A. Lee—Dodwell, Carlill & Co.
JAPAN, Brit. str., J. G. Olifant—David Sassoon, Sons & Co.
JOHN BAIZLEY, Amr. Bkt., F. P. Shephard—Master.
LYEEMOON, Ger. str., G. Heuermann—Siemssen & Co.
McLAURIN, Amr. ship, Oakes—Order.
ST. JAMES, Amr. bk., W. D. Burnham—Russell & Co.

A FATAL PAST.

BY DORA RUSSELL,

AUTHOR OF "FOOTPRINTS IN THE SNOW," "THE BROKEN SEAL," "THE TRACK OF THE STORM," "A BITTER BIRTHRIGHT," &c., &c."

[*Now First Published.*]

CHAPTER XXVII.

A STRAY SHOT.

A moment or two later the whole household was in the utmost confusion. Lord Ennismore had been found by two of his labourers lying wounded in the woods, and Lady Ennismore, hearing—it was supposed—the noise of Lord Ennismore being carried into the house, had gone to her room door and looked down into the hall below, and seen the terrible sight. This was what was said at least, when the maid's cries brought others to their lady's assistance.

But while the servants were running hither and thither, calling first for one thing and then the other, the rector and Miss Sinclair arrived on the scene. Miss Sinclair had attended the meeting in Mortonbury, and lingered when it was over until she had an opportunity of complimenting the rector on his speech. Then, she had said with a little nervous shiver, she must go as it was already so dark. And what could the Rev. Peter say? It was dark and it was also misty, and no gentleman could have allowed a lady to go unattended on such a night. He therefore offered his escort, which was delightedly accepted. Luckily Miss Dorothy was laid up with a cold in her head, at the rectory, and Miss Martha had remained to attend on her sister, so the rector was free to do as he pleased. He therefore walked with Miss Sinclair to Brackenford, and the distance seemed only too short for him. Miss Sinclair spoke of their friendship, and said what a support it was to her, and the rector's sallow cheeks glowed in the misty air. But still he did not forget Martha and Dorothy at home, and when they reached the hall door at Brackenford nothing very particular on either side had been said.

They were just parting when Miss Sinclair perceived something unusual going on inside.

"Come in and see what is the matter," she said still holding the rector's hand. "There must have been an accident, I am afraid, on the moors," she added; and thus together they went into the lighted hall.

The butler was kneeling by Lord Ennismore's side, holding one of his hands as they entered, and the other servants and the labourers who had found him in the woods were standing about looking stupid or frightened. But Miss Sinclair soon changed all this.

"What has happened to Lord Ennismore?" she asked quickly, going also up to the side of the prostrate man, who was still lying on the gate on which he had been carried in.

Then half-a-dozen voices told the story, and the rector at once knelt down by Lord Ennismore, and felt his pulse, and held his cold nerveless hand.

"Help me to lift him on a couch, and let us carry him into the library," he said, addressing the butler, "and send Cox immediately into Mortonbury for Dr. Grey, and one of the other grooms for Dr. Braittan; there is no time to be lost, Lord Ennismore is faint from loss of blood."

These orders were all promptly executed, and Lord Ennismore was carried into the library on a couch, which was placed near the fire, and then the rector, assisted by Miss Sinclair, succeeded in pouring a little brandy between Lord Ennismore's lips.

He moved slightly after this and opened his eyes, and when he saw the rector bending anxiously over him he tried to smile.

"Are you feeling better, my dear lord?" said the Rev. Peter. "Try and swallow a little more brandy."

The spirit seemed to revive him, and while the rector took off his neck-tie and opened his shirt, which was soaked with blood, he spoke a few words in a faint low voice.

"I've got badly hurt somehow," he said.

"Yes, but you will be all right presently, I hope," answered the rector, who now had found one wound high on the chest, close to the collarbone, and was holding a handkerchief to it to stanch the bleeding. "Dr. Grey will be here immediately, and Braittan too; in the meantime we must try to keep you up."

All this while Miss Sinclair had stood near the rector, but she shrank back a little when she saw the blood-stained garments. And as she did this one of the women touched her arm.

"Oh, Miss Sinclair, will you come upstairs to my lady," she whispered, and Miss Sinclair, after another half-shuddering glance at the wounded man, complied with her request.

She found Lady Ennismore lying on the bed where they had lifted her, still in a half-fainting condition, though she was beginning to show some signs of consciousness, and in the expression of her face there was a strange look of terror.

"Dear Lady Ennismore," said Miss Sinclair, approaching her, "this is very terrible, but I hope Lord Ennismore's injuries are not serious."

Lady Ennismore looked at her as if she scarcely comprehended her meaning.

"The rector is with him," went on Miss Sinclair; "it was very fortunate, was it not, that he kindly saw me home from Mortonbury, as the evening is so dark, and when we arrived here it was a great shock to us to find Lord Ennismore lying in the hall."

Lady Ennismore suddenly lifted her head and her pallid lips parted, and her eyes were fixed with a terrible look of inquiry on Miss Sinclair's face.

"But the rector has sent Cox for Dr. Grey, and Lord Ennismore has swallowed some brandy and spoken a few words, so I trust the accident may not prove a severe one," said Miss Sinclair, soothingly.

"*Lord Ennismore?*" gasped out Lady Ennismore.

"Yes; you knew, did you not? They told me you had seen him carried in, and it had upset you so terribly."

Lady Ennismore sprang from the bed, and fell tottering forward, but Miss Sinclair caught her in her arms.

"Not Ennismore?" she said, wildly; "say not Ennismore!"

"Dear Lady Ennismore——"

"It was not my husband they carried in—not, not Ennismore?" repeated the unhappy woman, peering up in her governess's face with her terror-stricken eyes, "I saw them bear in—some one——"

"There has been a slight accident, but do not disturb yourself so dreadfully, it would grieve Lord Ennismore so much if he knew."

Lady Ennismore gave a kind of gasping sob, and sank down on a seat, and covered her face with her hands.

"Take some sal-volatile, Lady Ennismore," urged Miss Sinclair, and she ordered one of the maids to prepare this, and then held it to Lady Ennismore's lips, who eagerly swallowed it.

It seemed to compose her, but again she gave a shuddering sigh, and covered her face. But after a few moments she looked up, and said almost steadily.

"Tell me again, Miss Sinclair, what has happened?"

Then Miss Sinclair detailed once more her return to Brackenford with the rector, and how they had found Lord Ennismore.

"But do not alarm yourself, he was merely faint from loss of blood, the rector said," added Miss Sinclair.

"I will go to him," said Lady Ennismore rising; and deadly pale and shaking in every limb, she staggered to her feet, and clinging for support to Miss Sinclair's arm, she quitted the room, and descended the staircase, and was led by Miss Sinclair to the library where Lord Ennismore lay.

He seemed better now than when they had first carried him in, and as Lady Ennismore entered the room, he looked at her and smiled.

"I have had an accident, Katie," he said; "but it will be all right, I expect, though it was the strangest thing."

"How did it happen, Ennismore?" faltered Lady Ennismore, sinking on her knees by his side, and taking one of his hands in her's.

"I cannot imagine how it happened," he answered; "I was not feeling very brisk, and I left Curzon and the keepers early, and walked slowly back by the woods just as it was getting dark——"

"By the woods," interrupted the woman, kneeling by his side with a sudden start.

"Yes, and just when I got to one of the little bridges, I heard a shot fired, and the next moment felt I was bit. I was bit twice, I think, and fell forward, but, my poor Kate, this is making you quite ill, and I dare say I shall be all right presently."

Lady Ennismore spoke no word; she bowed her head forward as if utterly overcome, and the dew broke out on her brow, and she grew so ghastly pale that Miss Sinclair thought she was again about to faint.

"We must all be thankful it is no worse," said the rector, trying to speak reassuringly: "I fear it must have been some poacher, Lord Ennismore?"

"Not unlikely; well, Katie, you'll just have to nurse me," smiled Lord Ennismore, and she pressed her cold trembling lips upon his hand.

"I am sure Lady Ennismore will be a wonderfully good nurse," said Miss Sinclair, "and Lord Ennismore an equally good patient—but I hear an arrival—no doubt it is one of the doctors."

It was one of the doctors—Dr. Grey, of Mortonbury, whom Cox had luckily met returning from his country rounds, not far from Brackenford. And he had at once, on receiving Cox's news about Lord Ennismore, turned his horse's head and ridden to the Hall.

By his wish the ladies immediately left the room until he examined Lord Ennismore's injuries. Lady Ennismore made no opposition to his request, and accompanied by Miss Sinclair she feebly and falteringly, as if stricken with sudden age, went into the breakfast-room which adjoined, and sat there silent, motionless, while Miss Sinclair continued her commonplace consolations.

"Oh! hush, hush," she suddenly cried, starting to her feet. She could hear no longer the smooth speeches which jarred on her racked heart, torn with hideous consciousness. Had she done this? By the bridge—he said by the bridge—and it was dark, dark——

She stood in the centre of the room with her hands clasped, and with such an intensely tragic expression on her face as one after another of these thoughts whirled through her brain, that Miss Sinclair grew absolutely almost afraid. She thought grief was driving her mad, and wondered how the ordinarily stately and composed Lady Ennismore could be moved to such a depth of passionate emotion.

And minute after minute passed on—minutes fraught with such miserable anxiety and dread for the unhappy woman that they seemed hours to her distracted mind. Then there came a little gentle rap at the room door, and the kindly face of the rector appeared.

"I am the bearer of good news, Lady Ennismore," he said. "Dr. Grey has examined Lord Ennismore's injuries, and he hopes, with good nursing, which he is sure to have, that there is no danger to apprehend."

Lady Ennismore listened to these words, and then suddenly she broke out into loud and hysterical sobs. She could not control herself, the strain had been too terrible, the relief too great.

"Hush, hush, my dear lady—think how thankful we should all be," said the kind rector, advancing and taking her hand.

"Thankful! Oh, my God, how thankful!" cried Lady Ennismore, falling on her knees. "You are a good man, Mr. Prescott, pray for me now—pray for me in my agony!"

"I will, indeed, pray God that Lord Ennismore may soon be restored to health and strength," said the rector, with deep feeling. "But, dear Lady Ennismore, remember how it will grieve him if he were to hear you in such distress, and the library is so near."

"Yes," gasped Lady Ennismore, trying to stifle her sobs. "Yes, yes, I know—thank you, Mr. Prescott."

He raised her up as he spoke, and led her gently to a chair, while Miss Sinclair ran for wine and restoratives. And with a great effort Lady Ennismore finally mastered her almost overwhelming emotion. She did not, however, go back immediately to Lord Ennismore's side. She felt she had not strength just then to look upon his face. She was therefore assisted to her own room, and a few minutes later, when she was endeavouring to grow a little calmer, her maid brought up a letter for her, which had arrived by the second post.

She scarcely glanced at it, until by chance her eyes happened to fall on the address as it lay on a table near her. Then she bade the maid leave her, and with trembling, shrinking hands she raised the letter and tore it open. It was from George Roche, to tell her he had been unable to keep the appointment she had made with him to meet her that afternoon in Brackenford Woods.

It was dated the evening before from his lodgings in town, and ran as follows:—

"Dear Katherine,—I am sorry that I cannot meet you to-morrow afternoon in the woods at Brackenford, as you propose. But the truth is my brother, the Colonel, has expressed a wish to see me to-morrow afternoon, and for the sake of our boy I intend to pocket my pride and go to him. He will probably let you know the result of our conference, or I shall, but I am sure if you think of it you will see the gross injustice it is to a fine young fellow like Francis to be cut out of his proper position as your eldest and only legitimate son. He knows the whole story now, and went up to London on Sunday to ask his uncle the truth of it. Of that, as you know, there is no doubt.

"Yours sincerely,

"G. R."

Lady Ennismore read these lines, and as she finished them she knew her sin had been in vain; knew that instead of her bitter enemy, her hand had struck down the husband of her love.

(*To be continued.*)

BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENTS

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT FOR IMPROVED AND ECONOMIC COOKERY.

Invaluable for India, as an efficient tonic in all cases of weakness. Keeps good in the hottest climates and for any length of time.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.

Finest and Cheapest Meat Flavouring Stock for Soups, Made Dishes, and Sauces.

Genuine only with the fac-simile of Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across Label.

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Cookery books can be had at the Office of this Paper.

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Fragrant and delicate, its sweetness is ever delightful. Use none but Atkinson's, the original and only true Essence.

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CAUTION! Only genuine with shield-shape blue and yellow label and usual Trade Mark, a "White Rose," and address in full. [161—3

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE. THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and RESTORER.

FOR CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from ALL IMPURITIES it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, Eczema, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads, or Pimples on the Face.
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Cures Cancerous Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure matter
From whatever cause arising.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the CAUSE from the blood and bones.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CAUTION.

Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the Bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE. [A—864

MRS. GOSTLING,
WOODFIELD, NORTHFLEET, KENT,

RECEIVES BOARDERS (children whose parents are abroad preferred.) Healthy, comfortable home in a large, well-furnished House in grounds of two acres. Use of piano, organ, and good library, seat in church, stabling (if required.) Every home comfort. Bracing air, high position, and excellent water. Near church, station, and river. Twenty miles from London.

Special advantages for delicate children.

Good education. Moderate Terms, and (in the case of children) a reduction would be made for more than one.

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VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING.

DESTINATION.	VESSEL'S NAME.	FLAG & RIG.	CAPTAIN.	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DESPATCHED.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL	Myrmidon	Brit. str.	Nelson	Butterfield & Swire	To-day.
LONDON via SUEZ CANAL	Glenshiel	Brit. str.	Jones	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	On or about 8th June.
BREMEN & PORTS OF CALL	Stuttgart	Ger. str.	Schuckmann	Melchers & Co.	On 7th June, at 11 A.M.
HAMBURG	Columbus	Ger. sh.	Hassloop	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	Quick despatch.
HAMBURG	Cambusdoon	Brit. bk.		Melchers & Co.	Quick despatch.
MARSEILLES via SAIGON, &c.	Sydney	Fren. str.	Delacroix	Messageries Maritimes	On 3rd June, at Noon.
VANCOUVER, via S'HAI, &c.	Empress of Japan	Brit. str.	Lee	Dodwell, Carlill & Co.	On 2nd June, at Noon.
SAN FRANCISCO via Y'HAMA, &c.	China	Brit. str.		P. M. S. S. Co.	On 11th June, at 1 P.M.
SAN FRANCISCO via Y'HAMA, &c.	Gaelic	Amer. str.		O. & O. S. S. Co.	To-day, at 1 P.M.
SAN FRANCISCO	St. James	Amer. bk.	Burnham	Russell & Co.	Quick despatch.
NEW YORK via SUEZ CANAL	Pathan	Brit. str.	Roy	Dodwell, Carlill & Co.	On or about 7th June.
NEW YORK	Canara	Brit. sh.		Carlowitz & Co.	Quick despatch.
NEW YORK	Austria	Brit. bk.	Dakin	Reuter, Brockelmann & Co.	Quick despatch.
NEW YORK	McLaurin	Amr. ship	Oakes	Reuter, Brockelmann & Co.	Quick despatch.
NEW YORK	Calburga	Brit. bark	Douglas	Russell & Co.	Quick despatch.
YOKOHAMA, N'SAKI, & KOBE	Ancona	Brit. str.	Mudie	P. & O. S. N. Co.	To-day, at Noon.
SINGAPORE, PENANG, &c.	Bisagno	Ital. str.	Orengo	Carlowitz & Co.	On 4th June, at Noon.
SINGAPORE, PENANG, &c.	Japan	Brit. str.	Olifent	David Sassoon, Sons & Co.	On 2nd June, at Noon.
SINGAPORE, PENANG, &c.	Kutsang	Brit. str.	Jackson	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	To-day, at Noon.
SINGAPORE	Decima	Ger. str.	Christensen	Geo. R. Stevens & Co.	To-day, at 2 P.M.
SHANGHAI via AMOY	Palinurus	Brit. str.	Jackson	Butterfield & Swire	To-morrow.
SHANGHAI, via SWATOW	Canton	Brit. str.	Sellar	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	To-morrow, at Noon.
SWATOW, AMOY, & TAMSUI	Hailoong	Brit. str.	Roach	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	To-morrow, daylight.
MANILA via AMOY	Diamante	Brit. str.	Taylor	Russell & Co.	To-day, at 4 P.M.
MANILA via AMOY	Don Juan	Span. str.	R. Beltran	Brandao & Co.	On 1st June, at 4 P.M.
HAIPHONG, DIRECT	Delta	Fren. str.	Abbal	Messageries Maritimes	On 1st June, at 8 A.M.

VESSELS ON THE BERTH

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, AND CALCUTTA.

THE Company's Steamship

"KUTSANG,"

Captain Jackson, will be despatched as above TO-DAY, the 30th inst., at NOON.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
General Managers.

Hongkong, 26th May, 1891. [1296

STEAM TO YOKOHAMA via NAGASAKI AND KOBE.

(Passing through the INLAND SEA.)

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamship

"ANCONA,"

Capt. W. D. Mudie, will leave for the above Places TO-DAY, the 30th inst., at NOON, and not as previously advertised.

E. L. WOODIN,
Superintendent.

Hongkong, 27th May, 1891. [11

FOR SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship

"DECIMA,"

Captain Christensen, will be despatched for the above Port TO-DAY, the 30th inst., at 2 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.

Hongkong, 28th May, 1891. [1320

THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA via AMOY.

THE Company's Steamship

"DIAMANTE,"

Captain G. Tayler, will be despatched for the above Ports TO-DAY, the 30th inst., at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 28th May, 1891. [1314

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR LONDON, via SUEZ CANAL.

THE Company's Steamship

"MYRMIDON,"

Captain Nelson, will be despatched as above TO-DAY, the 30th May.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

Hongkong, 25th May, 1891. [945

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SHANGHAI via SWATOW.

(Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates for NINGPO, CHEFOO, TIENT-SIN, NEWCHWANG, HANKOW & PORTS on the YANGTSZE.)

THE Company's Steamship

"CANTON,"

Captain Sellar, will be despatched as above TO-MORROW, the 31st instant, at NOON.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 28th May, 1891. [1324

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR SHANGHAI via AMOY.

(Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates for NINGPO, CHEFOO, NEWCHWANG, TIENTSIN, HANKOW, and PORTS on the YANGTSZE.)

THE Company's Steamship

"PALINURUS,"

Captain Jackson, will be despatched as above TO-MORROW, the 31st May.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

Hongkong, 25th May, 1891. [1292

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

STEAM FOR HAIPHONG (DIRECT).

THE Company's Steamship

"DELTA,"

Captain Abbal, will leave for the above Port on MONDAY, the 1st June, at 8 A.M.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

Hongkong, 28th May, 1891. [1319

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

FOR HONOLULU.

THE Company's Undermentioned Steamships will leave YOKOHAMA for HONOLULU direct as under.

"YAMASHIRO MARU" .... 1st JUNE.
"MIIKE MARU" .... 27th JUNE.

Through Bills of Lading will be granted from Hongkong.

For Freight or passage apply to
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 7th May, 1891. [1142

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, AND CALCUTTA.

THE Steamship

"JAPAN"

Captain J. G. Olifent, will be despatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 2nd proximo, at NOON.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 29th May, 1891. [1323

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
(FLORIO & RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.)

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, AND BOMBAY,

having connexion with Company's Mail Steamers to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, (LEGHORN), and GENOA; all MEDITERRANEAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANTINE, and SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS up to CALLAO. Taking Cargo at through rates to PERSIAN GULF and BAGDAD.

THE Company's Steamship

"BISAGNO,"

G. Orengo, Master, will be despatched as above on THURSDAY, 4th June, at NOON.

At BOMBAY the Steamers are discharging in VICTORIA DOCK.

For Further Particulars regarding Freight and Passage, apply to
CARLOWITZ & Co.

Hongkong, 22nd May, 1891. [6

FOR NEW YORK via SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"PATHAN,"

Captain Roy, will be despatched on or about the 7th June.

For Freight, apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 21st May, 1891. [1004

VESSELS ON THE BERTH

"GLEN" LINE OF STEAM PACKETS.

FOR LONDON via SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"GLENSHIEL,"

Captain Jones, will be despatched as above on or about the 8th June.

This Steamer has superior accommodation for Passengers, and carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 18th May, 1891. [1234

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG, 1891

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

EMPRESS OF JAPAN	Tuesday ... 2nd June.
EMPRESS OF INDIA	Tuesday ... 30th June.
EMPRESS OF CHINA	Tuesday ... 28th July.

THE Steamship

"EMPRESS OF JAPAN,"

Capt. G. A. Lee, R.N.R., sailing at NOON, on TUESDAY, the 2nd JUNE, with Her Majesty's Mails, will proceed to VANCOUVER, via SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

FROM HONGKONG, FIRST CLASS.

To Vancouver, Victoria, Esquimault, New Westminster, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, O., San Francisco	$225.00
To Banff, Calgarry	$255.00
To Winnipeg	$275.00
To Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth	$285.00
To Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis, Milwaukee	$295.00
To Detroit, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Hamilton, London, (Ont.), Toronto, Niagara Falls	$305.00
To Kingston, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, New York, Albany, Troy, Rochester, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Washington, Boston, Portland (Me.), Halifax, St. John	$310.00
To Liverpool and London	$325.00
To Paris and Bremen	$345.00
To Havre and Hamburg	$335.00

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of steamers.

Special rates (first-class only) are granted to Missionaries, members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic, and Civil Services, to European officials in service of China and Japan, and to Government officials.

Return Tickets.—First and second class only. —Prepaid return tickets to Pacific Coast Points, and to Eastern and Interior Points of Canada and U.S.A. will be granted, available for:—

12 months at 25 per cent. off Return Fare.
4 " 50 per cent. "

(*Time is reckoned from the date of issue to date of re-embarkation at Vancouver.*)

Passengers to Pacific Coast Points and to Interior and Eastern Points of Canada and U.S.A. not holding prepaid return tickets, but who reembark within 12 months from date of issue of original ticket, will be allowed 10 per cent. off the return fare.

Prepaid return tickets to European Points will be issued available for 12 months at $650 or for 4 months $575.

CARGO.—Through Bills of Lading issued to Japan, Pacific Coast Points, and to Canadian and United States Points.

CONSULAR INVOICES of Goods for United States Points should be in quadruplicate; and one copy must be sent forward by the steamer to the care of D. E. BROWN, Assistant General Freight and Passenger Agent, Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Vancouver, B.C.

PARCELS must be sent to our Office with address marked in full by 5 P.M. on the day previous to sailing.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 6th May, 1891. [8

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANCAIS.

NOTICE.

STEAM FOR SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, COLOMBO, PONDICHERRY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MEDITERRANEAN, AND BLACK SEA PORTS, ALEXANDRIA, MARSEILLES, AND PORTS OF BRAZIL AND LA PLATA;

ALSO,

LONDON, HAVRE, AND BORDEAUX.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 3rd June, 1891, at NOON, the Company's Steamship "SYDNEY," Commandant Delacroix, with Mails, Passengers, Specie, and Cargo, will leave this Port for the above places.

Cargo and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal Places of Europe.

Shipping Orders will be granted till NOON, Cargo will be received on board until 4 P.M., Specie and Parcels until 3 P.M., on the 2nd June. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agency's Office.) Contents and Value of Packages are required.

For further particulars, apply at the Company's Office.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

Hongkong, 21st May, 1891. [2

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. I. British Ship

"CANARA,"

shortly expected, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
CARLOWITZ & Co.

Hongkong, 26th May, 1891. [1294

FOR HAMBURG.

THE 3/3 L. I. I. German Ship

"COLUMBUS,"

L. Hassloop, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For freight apply to
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Hongkong, 21st April, 1891. [1013

FOR HAMBURG.

THE 3/3 L. I. I. British Barque

"CAMBUSDOON,"

will load here for the above port and will have quick despatch.

For freight, apply to
MELCHERS & Co.

Hongkong, 2nd May, 1891. [1110

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. I. British Bark

"CALBURGA,"

Douglas, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, 28th May, 1891. [1316

VESSELS ON THE BERTH

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE; VIA THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND ATLANTIC AND OTHER CONNECTING STEAMERS.

THE Steamship "GAELIC" will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO, via YOKOHAMA, on SATURDAY, MAY the 30th, at ONE P.M., Connection being made at Yokohama with Steamers from Shanghai and Japan Ports.

All PARCEL PACKAGES should be marked to address in full; and same will be received at the Company's Office until FIVE P.M. the day previous to sailing.

First-class Fares granted as follows:—

To San Francisco	$225.00
To San Francisco and return, available for 6 months	393.75
To Liverpool	325.00
To London	332.00

To other European points at proportionate rates. Special reduced rates granted to Officers of the Army, Navy, Civil Service, and the Imperial Chinese Customs, to be obtained on application.

Passengers by this line have the option of proceeding Overland by the Southern Pacific and connecting Lines, Central Pacific, Northern Pacific, or Canadian Pacific Railways.

Passengers, who have paid full fare, re-embarking at San Francisco for China or Japan (*or vice versa*) within one year, will be allowed a discount of 10 per cent. *This allowance does not apply to through fares from China and Japan to Europe.*

Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo destined to points beyond San Francisco in the United States should be sent to the Company's Offices, addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Francisco.

For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 50A, Queen's Road Central.

J. S. VAN BUREN, Acting Agent.

Hongkong, 8th May, 1891. [4

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

NOTICE.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, BRINDISI, GENOA, ANTWERP, BREMEN, AND HAMBURG, PORTS IN THE LEVANTE, BLACK SEA AND BALTIC PORTS;

ALSO,

LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON, AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

THE COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL CALL AT SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND PASSENGERS AND LUGGAGE.

N.B.—CARGO CAN BE TAKEN ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR THE PRINCIPAL PLACES IN RUSSIA.

ON SUNDAY, the 7th day of JUNE, 1891, at 11 A.M., the Company's Steamship "STUTTGART," Captain v. Schuckmann, with MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE, and CARGO, will leave this Port as above, CALLING AT GENOA.

Shipping Orders will be granted till NOON, Cargo will be received on Board until 4 P.M., Specie and Parcels until 3 P.M., on the 6th June. (Parcels are not to be sent on Board; they must be left at the Agency's Office). Contents and Value of Packages are required.

The Steamer has splendid Accommodation, and carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

For further Particulars, apply to
MELCHERS & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 11th May, 1891. [7

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. Mail Steamer "CHINA" will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO VIA YOKOHAMA on THURSDAY, June 11th, at ONE P.M., taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States, via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers.

First-class Fares granted as follows:—

To San Francisco	$225.00
To San Francisco and return, available for 6 months	393.75
To Liverpool	325.00
To London	332.00

The other European points at proportionate rates. Special reduced rates granted to Officers of the Army, Navy, Civil Service, and the Imperial Chinese Customs, to be obtained on application.

Passengers by this line have the option of proceeding Overland by the Southern Pacific and connecting Lines, Central Pacific, Northern Pacific, or Canadian Pacific Railways.

Passengers, who have paid full fare, re-embarking at San Francisco for China or Japan (or *vice versa*) within one year, will be allowed a discount of 10 per cent. from Return Fare. *This allowance does not apply to through fares from China and Japan to Europe.*

Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M. the day previous to sailing. Parcel Packages will be received at the Office until 5 P.M. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Cargo destined to points beyond San Francisco in the United States, should be sent to the Company's Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 50A, Queen's Road Central.

J. S. VAN BUREN, Acting Agent.

Hongkong, 20th May, 1891. [3

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. I. American Ship

"McLAURIN,"

Oakes, Master, will load here for the above port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1891. [1096

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE 3/3 L. II American Bark

"ST. JAMES,"

Burnham, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, 22nd April, 1891. [1021

VESSEL ON THE BERTH

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 3/3 L. I. I. British Barque

"AUSTRIA,"

Dakin, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
REUTER, BROCKELMANN & Co.

Hongkong, 27th April, 1891. [1057

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "EMPRESS OF JAPAN."

FROM LIVERPOOL AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, at Kowloon, whence, and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before NOON TO-DAY, the 25th inst.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 30th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 30th inst., or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 25th May, 1891. [8

FROM ANTWERP, HAMBURG, AND STRAITS.

THE Steamship

"ALTONOWER,"

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that their goods are being landed at their risk into the godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 1st June will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Consignees are requested to present all claims for damage and/or shortages not later than the 8th June, otherwise they will not be recognized. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 26th May, 1891. [1293

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company Steamship

"KUTSANG"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 1st June will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected. Consignees are requested to present all claims for damages and/or shortages not later than the 8th June, otherwise they will not be recognised.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 26th May, 1891. [1295

HOTELS.

TAKARADZAKA HOTEL,
NEAR KOBE, JAPAN.

THIS FIRST-CLASS HOTEL occupies a healthy situation on the Hillside and lies amid some of the most charming scenery to be found in Japan, while the air is universally recommended by the medical faculty for its bracing nature.

In connection with the Hotel are some famous Hot Iron Baths much sought after for their health-giving qualities.

A First Class Cuisine, with Wine, Beer and Spirits of the best quality, can be obtained at reasonable terms.

Takaradzaka is one and a half hours by rail and jinricksha from Kobe.

For terms and particulars apply to
Miss HUGHES,
The Manageress.

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THE BOA VISTA.

BISHOP'S BAY, MACAO.

THIS HOUSE situated on the Coast in one of the best and healthiest parts of Macao and commanding an admirable View facing the South, was opened as an Hotel on the 1st July.

Every comfort will be provided for Visitors with excellent Cuisine and choice Wines.

Hot, cold, shower and sea water Baths. Large and well ventilated Dining, Billiard, and Reading Rooms and well supplied Bar.

A small dairy is attached to the premises.

Mrs. MARIA B. DOS REMEDIOS,
Proprietress.

33 |

THE MOUNT AUSTIN HOTEL.

A SELECT FAMILY and RESIDENTIAL HOTEL, situated 1,400 feet above the sea level, commanding on the one side a magnificent view of the Harbour with the Mainland in the distance, and on the other of hills and mountains, with the sea beyond dotted with islands as far as the eye can reach, surrounded by extensive promenades and pleasure grounds, including three good Tennis Courts. The Mount Promenade alone is nearly an acre in extent.

The Hotel is replete with every accommodation for Families and Gentlemen.

The Manager, Mr. ROBERT ISHERWOOD, will be assisted by an Efficient Lady Staff, and the Hotel will be conducted upon the best English system. The accommodation comprises a spacious Dining Hall, Private Dining Rooms, Drawing, Reading, Smoking, Grill, Billiard, and Private Sitting Rooms, with Fifty-four Bedrooms each provided with separate Bathroom and every convenience.

Tramway Tickets will be supplied to Visitors at Reduced Rates.

The Hotel will Open on JUNE 1st.

For terms apply to the SECRETARY at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, 38 and 40, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 27th May, 1891. [1084

BAY VIEW HOTEL.

MR. OSBORNE begs to announce that this convenient HALF-WAY HOUSE on SHAUKIWAN ROAD is now Open.

The HOTEL commands a beautiful View, and is situated in a cool and breezy spot.

There is a convenient landing jetty opposite the Hotel for launches.

The best Brands of WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c., always in Stock. MEALS can be served at any hour. Prompt attendance.

Hongkong, 15th May, 1891. [1209

LEUCHS' TRADE LISTS OF ALL COUNTRIES in 36 VOLUMES.

NOW READY.

The New Editions of ENGLAND, COUNTIES, Vol. 17. SCOTLAND, IRELAND, WALES, and European Possessions, Vol 27a, AMERICA, North, South, Central and West Indies, Vol. 30.

IN THE PRESS.

COLONIAL DIRECTORY of Africa, Asia, and Australasia, containing the Colonies of all Nations, and the Independent Empires and States, Vol. 29.

RUSSIA and POLAND, Vol. 24. ITALY, Vol. 26, and other volumes.

C. LEUCHS & Co.,
38, LITTLE BRITAIN, LONDON, E.C.
ESTABLISHED 1794.

(WRITE FOR PRICE LIST.)

GOOD AGENTS WANTED. [1365

MARKET PRICES.—29TH MAY, 1891.

The Prices are given in Dollar Cents. Copper Cash is 1030 to the Dollar; a catty is 1⅓ lbs.; a picul 133⅓ lbs.

Article	Unit	Price
BUTCHER'S MEAT.		
Bacon, English	lb.	30 to 35
,, Am. Sugar cured	,,	22 ,, 24
,, Foochow	,,	16 ,, 18
,, Japan cured	,,	15 ,, 17
Beef, sirloin and prime cut	cty.	12 ,, 13
,, Corned	catty	13 ,, 14
,, Roast	,,	12 ,, 13
,, Soup	,,	9 ,, 10
,, Steak	,,	13 ,, 14
,, Whampoa	lb.	— ,, —
,, Bullock's Brains	per set	5 ,, 6
,, Tongue fresh	each	30 ,, 35
,, ,, corned	,,	30 ,, 32
,, Head	,,	45 ,, 50
,, Heart	,,	12 ,, 14
,, Hump, Salt	catty	13 ,, 14
,, Feet	each	5 ,, 6
,, Kidneys	,,	4 ,, 5
,, Tail	,,	7 ,, 8
,, Liver	catty	8 ,, —
,, Tripe, undressed	,,	7 ,, 8
Calves Head and Feet	set	45 ,, 50
Hams, American	lb.	24 ,, —
,, Chinese	,,	20 ,, 23
,, English, New	,,	35 ,, —
,, Japanese cured	,,	20 ,, —
,, Shanghai	,,	20 ,, 25
Mutton Chop	,,	15 ,, 18
,, Legs	,,	15 ,, —
,, Shoulder	,,	12 ,, 13
Pigs' Feet	catty	12 ,, 13
,, Fry	,,	13 ,, 14
,, Head	each	50 ,, 60
,, Kidneys	pair	8 ,, 10
,, Liver	lb.	14 ,, 15
Pork, Chop	catty	14 ,, 15
,, Corned	,,	15 ,, 16
,, Leg	,,	15 ,, 16
,, Fat or Lard	,,	13 ,, 14
Sheeps' Head, and Feet	set	35 ,, 40
,, Heart	each	4 ,, 5
,, Kidneys	,,	9 ,, 10
,, Liver	lb.	13 ,, 14
Sucking Pigs	each	$1½ ,, $1½
Suet, Beef	lb.	10 ,, 11
,, Mutton	,,	10 ,, 11
Sweet Bread	catty	15 ,, 16
Veal	,,	14 ,, 15
POULTRY.		
Capons	catty	22 ,, 24
Doves	,,	12 ,, 14
Ducks	catty	15 ,, 16
Eggs, Hen	doz.	9 ,, 10
,, Duck	,,	10 ,, 12
Fowls	catty	20 ,, 22
Geese	,,	15 ,, 16
Partridges, Canton	each	— ,, —
Pigeons	,,	17 ,, 18
Quail	,,	15 ,, 16
Snipe	,,	— ,, —
Teal, Canton	,,	— ,, —
Turkeys, Cock	catty	60 ,, 65
,, Hen	,,	40 ,, 45
Woodcock, Canton	each	— ,, —
FISH.		
Barbel	catty	— ,, —
Bream	,,	13 ,, 14
Bombay Ducks	100 pieces	18 ,, 20
Carp	catty	12 ,, 14
Catfish	,,	11 ,, 12
Codfish, Salt	,,	13 ,, 14
Crabs	,,	24 ,, 25
Cuttle Fish	,,	13 ,, 14
Dab	,,	12 ,, 14
Dace	,,	11 ,, 12
Eels Congor	,,	14 ,, 15
,, Fresh water	,,	22 ,, 24
,, Yellow	,,	20 ,, 24
Frogs	,,	22 ,, 24
Fresh Fish, Large	,,	24 ,, 26
,, Small	,,	11 ,, 12
Garoupa	,,	28 ,, 30
Gudgeon	,,	10 ,, 11
Gurnard	,,	9 ,, 10
Herrings	,,	14 ,, 15
Halibut	,,	14 ,, 16
Labrus	,,	14 ,, 16
Live Fish	,,	15 ,, 18
Loach	,,	22 ,, 24
Lobsters	,,	13 ,, 14
Mackerel	,,	9 ,, 10
Mullet	,,	18 ,, 20
Oysters	,,	— ,, —
Parrot Fish	,,	16 ,, 18
Perch	,,	14 ,, 15
Pike	,,	24 ,, 28
Plaice	,,	— ,, —
Pomfret, White	,,	20 ,, 24
,, Black	,,	14 ,, 16
Prawns	,,	28 ,, 32
Ray	,,	7 ,, 8
Rock Fish	,,	14 ,, 18
Roach	,,	14 ,, 16
Shark	,,	8 ,, 9
Salmon, Canton	,,	16 ,, 18
Salt Fish	,,	14 ,, 16
Salmon, Salt Water	,,	20 ,, 22
Skate	,,	7 ,, 8
Shrimps	,,	18 ,, 20
Snapper	,,	24 ,, 28
Soles	,,	24 ,, 28
Tench	,,	21 ,, 22
Turbot	,,	15 ,, 16
Turtles, small, fresh-water	,,	24 ,, 28
Whiting	,,	9 ,, 10
Whitebait	,,	11 ,, 12
FRUITS.		
Bananas, fragrant, C'ton.	,,	3½ ,, 4
,, brides	,,	2½ ,, 3
Carambola	,,	— ,, —
Chesnuts	,,	8 ,, 10
Cocoanuts	each	4½ ,, 5
Grapes	,,	— ,, —
Ground Nuts	,,	6 ,, 7
Lemons, China	,,	5 ,, 6
,, Peel	,,	10 ,, —
Lichees, Black Leaved	,,	— ,, —
,, Dried	,,	15 ,, 18
,, Fresh	,,	4 ,, 6
Limes	,,	8 ,, 10
Loongan	,,	— ,, —
Mangoes Manila	each	7 ,, 8
Mangosteens	dozen	15 ,, 18
Musk Melon	catty	5 ,, 6
Oranges Mandarin, Red	,,	— ,, —
,, Sweet, Canton	,,	22 ,, 25
Olives		6 ,, 7
Peach	catty	8 ,, 9
Pear, Canton, Common	,,	— ,, —
Pears, Tientsin	,,	— ,, —
Pears, Shanghai	,,	— ,, —
Persimmon, Fresh	,,	6 ,, 7
Pumelo, Amoy	,,	— ,, —
,, Canton	,,	7 ,, 8
Pineapples	,,	6 ,, 7
Plum, Namwah	,,	— ,, —
Plum, Red	,,	5 ,, 6
,, Yellow	,,	— ,, —
Rose Apple	,,	8 ,, —
Strawberries, Chinese	,,	— ,, —
Water Chesnuts, com.	,,	2½ ,, 3
,, Mandarin	,,	4½ ,, 5
Walnuts	,,	8 ,, 9
Wong-pi	,,	— ,, —
Ying-to	,,	7 ,, 10
VEGETABLES, &c.		
Artichokes, Shanghai	catty	5 ,, 6
Bamboo Shoots	,,	10 ,, 11
Beans, sprout	,,	1½ ,, —
,, broad	,,	7 ,, 8
,, French	,,	5 ,, 6
,, Macao	,,	7 ,, 8
,, Long, Leam	,,	8 ,, —
Beetroot	each	1½ ,, 2
Brinjals	catty	3 ,, —
Bread	,,	2 ,, 2½
Cabbage, Chinese com.	,,	2 ,, 3
,, Shanghai	each	7 ,, 8
,, Turnip Rooted	,,	2 ,, 4½
Carrots	catty	3½ ,, 4
Cauliflower	,,	— ,, —
Celery, English	,,	8 ,, 14
Celery, Chinese	,,	17 ,, 18
Chilies, Dried	,,	10 ,, 12
,, Fresh, Green	,,	20 ,, 18
,, Red	,,	5 ,, 8
Curry Stuff, English	,,	2 ,, 2½
Cucumbers	,,	— ,, —
Charcoal	picul	$1.10
Egg Plant	catty	5 ,, 6
Firewood	picul	45 ,, —
Garlic	catty	4 ,, 4½
Ginger, young	,,	5 ,, 5½
Horse Radish, Shanghai	,,	9 ,, 10
Indian Corn	,,	2 ,, 2½
Lettuce, English	,,	1 ,, —
Chives	,,	20 ,, 25
Onions, Bombay	,,	4½ ,, 5
,, Green	,,	3 ,, 3½
Green Corn	pieces	2 ,, 2½
Oil, Ground Nut	catty	13 ,, 14
Parsley, English	bundle	1 ,, 1½
Potatoes, Sweet	catty	1½ ,, —
,, Japan	,,	— ,, —
,, American	,,	2 ,, 2½
,, Macao	,,	2 ,, 2½
Pumpkin, Flat, Yellow	,,	2½ ,, 3
Pumpkin	,,	2 ,, 2½
Purslane	,,	2 ,, 2½
Papaw	,,	— ,, —
Rice, Best-quality	picul	$4.30
,, Common	,,	$3.10
Shalots	catty	3 ,, 4
Spinage, Chinese	,,	3 ,, 3½
Snake-gourd	,,	5 ,, 6
Sugar, Refined No. 1	,,	10 ,, 11½
Tomatoes	,,	5 ,, 6
Taros	,,	1½ ,, 1½
Turnips, Punti	,,	— ,, —
,, English	each	2½ ,, —
Vegetable Marrow	catty	2½ ,, 3
Yams	,,	5 ,, 6

GEO. RAN, Assist. Inspector of Markets.

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